

## ANDHRA PRADESH STATE COUNCIL OF HIGHER EDUCATION

(A Statutory body of the Government of Andhra Pradesh)

3<sup>rd</sup>,4<sup>th</sup> and 5<sup>th</sup> floors, Neeladri Towers, Sri Ram Nagar, 6<sup>th</sup> Battalion Road, Atmakur (V), Mangalagiri (M), Guntur-522 503, Andhra Pradesh **Web**: www.apsche.org **Email**: acapsche@gmail.com

## REVISED SYLLABUS OF ENGLISH under (Part – I) UNDER CBCS FRAMEWORK WITH EFFECT FROM 2020-21

## PROGRAMME: THREE-YEAR B.A. /B.Sc./B.Com/BCA/BBM/BHM & CT, etc.

# Andhra Pradesh State Council of Higher Education, Mangalagiri, Guntur District

Revised English Syllabus from 2020-21 Onwards Under Choice Based Credit System

## Introduction

The turn of the twenty first century has made the English Language skills a passport to the job market to all job seekers. Ability to communicate well in English has become a hallmark of good educational foundation and a prerequisite for all graduates. The students are expected to possess a measurable knowledge and a set of skills in using English language in personal and professional life. The present course **English Praxis** in three parts offers suitable context to teach, learn and practise target language skills. Each part of the course aims at certain specified skills which are taught through various text-based classroom activities and the English Language Laboratory activities. The syllabus of the course offers an open platform to the teacher to facilitate active participatory learning to the students. Hence the whole course is offered in three semesters. The first part of the course offers fundamentals of the English language in five units: Listening, Speaking, Grammar, Writing and Soft Skills. These introductory units are developed into full length courses in the subsequent semesters in addition to Reading Skills so as to prepare the learner into a fully equipped individual.

In addition to the classroom interaction, the course also aims at language enhancement through various ICT based online and offline activities in the English Language Laboratory. Each Unit is reinforced with Laboratory activities. The College administration will bestow special attention to make the **English Praxis** course an activity oriented one. The innovative methods and creativity of the English faculty will enhance the learners' participation in teaching and learning.

Semester-I English Praxis Course-I : A Course in Communication and Soft Skills Semester-II English Praxis Course -II : A Course in Reading & Writing Skills

Semester-III English Praxis Course -III: A Course in Conversational Skills

# **English Syllabus-Semester-I**

English Praxis Course-I

# A Course in Communication and Soft Skills

## **Learning Outcomes**

#### By the end of the course the learner will be able to :

- Use grammar effectively in writing and speaking.
- Demonstrate the use of good vocabulary
- Demonstrate an understating of writing skills
- Acquire ability to use Soft Skills in professional and daily life.
- Confidently use the tools of communication skills

#### I. UNIT: Listening Skills

- i. Importance of Listening
- ii. Types of Listening
- iii. Barriers to Listening
- iv. Effective Listening

#### II. UNIT: Speaking Skills

- a. Sounds of English: Vowels and Consonants
- b. Word Accent
- c. Intonation

#### **III.** UNIT: Grammar

- a) Concord
- b) Modals
- c) Tenses (Present/Past/Future)
- d) Articles
- e) Prepositions
- f) Question Tags
- g) Sentence Transformation (Voice, Reported Speech & Degrees of Comparison)
- h) Error Correction

#### IV. UNIT: Writing

- i. Punctuation
- ii. Spelling
- iii. Paragraph Writing

#### V. UNIT: Soft Skills

- a. SWOC
- b. Attitude
- c. Emotional Intelligence
- d. Telephone Etiquette
- e. Interpersonal Skills

# **English Syllabus-Semester-II**

English Praxis Course-II

# A Course in Reading & Writing Skills

## **Learning Outcomes**

## By the end of the course the learner will be able to :

- Use reading skills effectively
- Comprehend different texts
- Interpret different types of texts
- Analyse what is being read
- Build up a repository of active vocabulary
- Use good writing strategies
- Write well for any purpose
- Improve writing skills independently for future needs

#### I. UNIT

Prose Skills	<ul> <li>: 1. How to Avoid Foolish Opinions</li> <li>: 2. Vocabulary: Conversion of Wor</li> <li>: 3. One Word Substitutes</li> <li>: 4. Collocations</li> </ul>	Bertrand Russell ds
II. UNIT		
Prose	: 1. The Doll's House	Katherine Mansfield
Poetry	: 2. Ode to the West Wind	P B Shelley
Non-Detailed Text	: 3. Florence Nightingale	Abrar Mohsin
Skills	: 4. Skimming and Scanning	
III. UNIT		
Prose	: 1. The Night Train at Deoli	Ruskin Bond
Poetry	: 2. Upagupta	Rabindranath Tagore
Skills	: 3. Reading Comprehension : 4. Note Making/Taking	
IV. UNIT		
Poetry	: 1. Coromandel Fishers	Sarojini Naidu
Skills	: 2. Expansion of Ideas	
	: 3. Notices, Agendas and Minutes	
V.UNIT		
<b>Non-Detailed Text</b>	: 1. An Astrologer's Day	R K Narayan
Skills	: 2. Curriculum Vitae and Resume	-
	: 3. Letters	
	: 4. E-Correspondence	

# **English Syllabus-Semester-III**

English Praxis Course-III

# A Course in Conversational Skills

## **Learning Outcomes**

## By the end of the course the learner will be able to :

• • •	Speak fluently in English Participate confidently in any social interaction Face any professional discourse Demonstrate critical thinking Enhance conversational skills by observing the pr	ofessional interviews
Sneech	· 1. Tryst with Destiny	Jawaharlal Nehru
Skills	: 2. Greetings : 3. Introductions	
II UNIT	. J. Introductions	
Speech	: 1. Yes. We Can	Barack Obama
Interview	: 2. A Leader Should Know How to N Dr.A.P.J.Abdul Kalam/ India	Anage Failure Knowledge at Wharton
Skills	: 3. Requests	C
III. UNIT Interview Skills	<ul><li>: 1. Nelson Mandela's Interview</li><li>: 2. Asking and Giving Information</li><li>: 3. Agreeing and Disagreeing</li></ul>	With Larry King
IV. UNIT		
Interview Skills	<ul><li>: 1. JRD Tata's Interview</li><li>: 2. Dialogue Building</li><li>: 3. Giving Instructions/Directions</li></ul>	With T.N.Ninan
V. UNIT		
1. Speech Skills	<ul><li>: 1. You've Got to Find What You Lo</li><li>: 2. Debates</li><li>: 3. Descriptions</li><li>: 4. Role Play</li></ul>	ve Steve Jobs

#### SUBJECT EXPERTS

Prof. K.Ratna Shiela Mani, Department of English, Acharya Nagarjuna University, Nagarjuna Nagar.

Dr. I. Vijaya Babu, Principal, Government Degree College, S.Kota, Vizianagaram District– 533255

#### SYLLABUS VETTED BY

Prof. C.L.L.Jayaprada, Department of English (Retd), Andhra University, Visakhapatnam.



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# REVISED SYLLABUS OF TELUGU under (Part – I) UNDER CBCS FRAMEWORK WITH EFFECT FROM 2020-2021

#### PROGRAMME: THREE-YEAR B.A. /B.Sc./B.Com/BCA/BBM/BHM & CT

(With Learning Outcomes, Unit-wise Syllabus, References, Co-curricular Activities & Model

Q.P.)

For Fifteen Courses of 1, 2, 3 Semesters) (To be Implemented from 2020-21 Academic Year)

TELUGU

## Andhra Pradesh State Council of Higher Education B.A., B.Com., & B.Sc., etc., Programmes

Revised Syllabus under CBCS Pattern w.e.f. 2020-21

## Language Subjects - TELUGU Revised Syllabus of GENERAL TELUGU

అంధ్ర ప్రదేశ్ రాష్ట్ర ఉన్నత విద్యామందలి బి.ఎ., బి.కాం., బి.యస్.సి., తదితర ప్రోగ్రాములు సి.బి.సి.ఎస్.పద్ధతిలో సవరించబడిన పాఠ్యపణాళిక 2020-21 విద్యా సంవత్సరం నుంచి జనరల్ తెలుగు - పాఠ్య ప్రణాళిక

## **Subject Curricular Framework**

Sem	Course Title	Hrs/Wk	Credits	Max. Marks IA SE Tot	al
ΙI	Pracheena Telugu Kavithvam	04	03	25 75 100	
II II	Aadhunika Telugu Sahithyam	04	03	25 75 100	
III III	Srujanaathmaka Rachana	04	03	25 75 100	
	పాఠ్యక	పణాళిక (3 కోర	<u> ప్పలు)</u>		
సెమి.	కోర్సు శీర్షిక పీరిం	మడ్లు/వారానికి	కెడిట్లు	మొత్తం మార్కులు	
Ι	I (పాచీన తెలుగు కవిత్వం	04	03	25 75 100	
II	II ఆధునిక తెలుగు సాహిత్యం	04	03	25 75 100	
III	III సృజనాత్మక రచన	04	03	25 75 100	

బి.ఏ., బి.కాం., బి.యస్సి., తదితర ప్రోగ్రాములు అంశం: జనరల్ తెలుగు సెమిస్టర్–1 కోర్సు–1 : ప్రాచీన తెలుగు కవిత్వం

యూనిట్ల సంఖ్య:5

పీరియడ్ల సంఖ్య:60

♦ అభ్యసన ఫలితాలు:−

ఈ కోర్సు విజయవంతంగా ముగించాక, విద్యార్థులు క్రింది అభ్యసన ఫలితాలను పొందగలరు.

- ప్రాచీన తెలుగుసాహిత్యం యొక్క ప్రాచీనతను, విశిష్టతను గుర్తిస్తారు. తెలుగుసాహిత్యంలో ఆదికవి నన్నయ కాలంనాటి భాషాసంస్థుతులను, ఇతిహాసకాలం నాటి రాజనీతి విషయాలపట్ల పరిజ్ఞానాన్ని సంపాదించగలరు.
- 2.శివకవుల కాలంనాటి మతపరిస్ధితులను, భాషావిశేషాలను గ్రహిస్తారు. తెలుగు నుడికారం, సామెతలు, లోకోక్తులు మొదలైన భాషాంశాల పట్ల పరిజ్ఞానాన్ని పొందగలరు.
- 3.తిక్కన భారతంనాటి మత, ధార్మిక పరిస్థితులను, తిక్కన కవితాశిల్పాన్ని, నాటకీయతను అవగాహన చేసుకోగలరు.
- ఎఱ్ఱన సూక్తివైచిత్రిని, ఇతిహాస కవిత్వంలోని విభిన్న రీతులపట్ల అభిరుచిని పొందగలరు. శ్రీనాథుని కాలం నాటి కవితావిశేషాలను, మొల్ల కవితా విశిష్టతను గుర్తించగలరు.
- 5.తెలుగు పద్యం స్వరూప–స్వభావాలను, సాహిత్యాభిరుచిని పెంపొందించుకుంటారు. ప్రాచీన కావ్యభాషలోని వ్యాకరణాంశాలను అధ్యయనం చేయడం ద్వారా భాషాసామర్ధ్యాన్ని, రచనల మెళకువలను గ్రహించగలరు.

యూనిట్−I		
రాజనీతి	-	నన్నయ
		మహాభారతం–సభాపర్వం–(పథమాశ్వాసం–(26–57 పద్యాలు)
యూనిట్–II		
దక్షయజ్ఞం	_	నన్నెచోడుడు
		కుమారసంభవం–ద్వితీయాశ్వాసం–(49–86 పద్యాలు)
యూనిట్–III		
ధౌమ్య ధర్మోపదేశము	—	తిక్కన
	మహాఇ	ూరతం–విరాటపర్వం–(పథమాశ్వాసం–(116–146) పద్యాలు
యూనిట్–IV		
పలనాటి బెబ్బులి		– శ్రీనాథుడు (పలనాటి వీరచరిత్ర–ద్విపద కావ్యం పుట 108–112
		'బాలచంద్రుడు భీమంబగు సంగ్రామం బొనర్చుట (108)
		వెఱగంది కుంది' (112)  సం. అక్కిరాజు ఉమాకాంతం
		ముద్రణ.వి.కె.స్వామి, బెజవాడ 1911.
యూనిట్–V		
సీతారావణ సంవాదం	C	- మొల్ల
		రామాయణము–సుందరకాండము–(40–87 పద్యాలు)
♦వ్యాకరణ౦		
సంధులు: ఉత్వ, త్రిక,	దుతక్ర	కృతిక, నుగాగమ,ద్విరుక్తటకారాదేశ, యణాదేశ, వృద్ధి, శ్చుత్వ,
జ <u>శ్</u> య, అను	ఎనాసిక	సంధులు.
సమాసాలు: అవ్యయా	భావ,	తత్పురుష, కర్మధారయ, ద్వంద్వ, ద్విగు, బహుటీహి.
అలం <u>క</u> ారాలు:		

అర్ధాలంకారాలు : ఉపమ, ఉత్పేక్ష, రూపక, స్వభావోక్తి, అర్ధాంతరవ్యాస, అతిశయోక్తి. శబ్దాలంకారాలు : అనుప్రాస (వృత్యనుప్రాస, ఛేకామప్రాస లాటానుప్రాస, అంత్యానుప్రాస) ఛందస్సు

వృత్తాలు: ఉత్పలమాల, చంపకమాల, శార్దూలము, మత్తేభము; జాతులు : కందం, ద్విపద; ఉపజాతులు : ఆటవెలది, తేటగీతి, సీసం మరియు ముత్యాలసరాలు

# <u>పాఠ్య ప్రణాళిక</u>

# ఆధార గ్రంథాలు:

- 1. శ్రీమదాంధ్ర మహాభారతము : సభాపర్వము–తిరుమల తిరుపతి దేవస్థానం ప్రచురణ
- 2. శ్రీమదాంధ్ర మహాభారతము : విరాటపర్వము–తిరుమల తిరుపతి దేవస్థానం ప్రచురణ
- 3. కుమార సంభవం నన్నెచోడుడు
- 4. పలనాటి వీరచరిత్ര శ్రీనాథుడు
- 5. రామాయణము మొల్ల

# సూచించబడిన సహపాఠ్య కార్యక్రమాలు:

- నన్నయ్య, తిక్కన, ఎఱ్ఱన మొదలైన ప్రసిద్ధ కవుల పాఠ్యాంశేతర పద్యాలను ఇచ్చి, విద్యార్థులచేత సమీక్షలు రాయించడం; ఆయా పద్యాల్లోని యతిప్రాసాది ఛందో విశేషాలను గుర్తింపజేయడం.
- బిద్యార్థులచేత పాఠ్యాంశాలకు సంబంధించిన వ్యాసాలు రాయించడం
   (సెమినార్/అసైన్మెంట్)
- (పాచీన పాఠ్యాంశాలలోని సమకాలీనతను గూర్చిన బృంద చర్చ, (పాచీన సాహిత్యాన్ని నేటి సామాజిక దృష్టితో పునర్మూల్యాంకనం చేయించడం.
- 4. చారిత్రిక, సాంస్థ్రతిక అంశాలకు సంబంధించిన పర్యాటక ప్రదేశాలను సందర్శించడం.
- 5. వ్యక్తిగత/బృంద (పాజెక్టులు చేయించడం. (పశ్నాపత్ర నిర్మాతలకు సూచనలు (పతిపదార్థ పద్యాలు, కంఠస్థ పద్యాలు "రాజనీతి, దక్షయజ్ఞం, ధౌమ్య ధర్మోపదేశం, సీతారావణ సంవాదం" అనే నాలుగు పాఠ్యాంశాల నుండి మాత్రమే ఇవ్వాలి.

# (పశ్నాపత్ర నమూనా

అ. ప్రతిపదార్థ పద్యాలు-(అంతర్గత ఛాయి	స్) (2–1)	1×8=8 మా
ఆ. కంఠస్థ పద్యం-(అంతర్గత ఛాయిస్)	(2-1)	1×3=3 మా
ఇ. సందర్భ వాక్యాలు–	(6-4)	4×3=12 మా
ఈ. సంగ్రహ సమాధాన (పశ్నలు	(6-4)	4×3=12 మా
ఉ. వ్యాస (పశ్నలు (అంతర్గత ఛాయిస్)	(6-3)	3×8=24 మా
ఊ. వ్యాకరణం–సంధులు	(6-4)	4×1=4 మా
సమాసాలు	(6-4)	4×1=4 మా
అలంకారాలు	(2-1)	1×4=4 మా
ఛందస్పు	(2-1)	1×4=4 మా

బి.ఏ., బి.కాం., బి.యస్సి., తదితర ప్రోగ్రాములు అంశం: జనరల్ తెలుగు సెమిస్టర్-2 కోర్సు-2 : ఆధునిక తెలుగు సాహిత్యం

యూనిట్ల సంఖ్య:5

పీరియద్ల సంఖ్య:60

♦ అభ్యసన ఫలితాలు:−

ఈ కోర్సు విజయవంతంగా ముగించాక, విద్యార్థులు క్రింది అభ్యసన ఫలితాలను పొందగలరు.

- ఆంగ్లభాష ప్రభావం కారణంగా తెలుగులో వచ్చిన ఆధునిక సాహిత్యాన్ని, దాని విశిష్టతను గుర్తిస్తారు.
- సమకాలీన ఆధునిక సాహిత్య ప్రక్రియలైన "వచన కవిత్వం, కథ, నవల, నాటకం, విమర్శ"లపై అవగాహన పొందుతారు.
- భావకవిత, అభ్యుదయ కవితాలక్ష్యాలను గూర్చిన జ్ఞానాన్ని పొందుతారు.అస్తిత్వవాద ఉద్యమాలపుట్టుకను, ఆవశ్యకతను గుర్తిస్తారు.
- కథాసాహిత్యం ద్వారా సామాజిక చైతన్యాన్ని పొందుతారు. సిద్ధాంతాల ద్వారా కాకుండా, వాస్తవ పరిస్థితులను తెలుసుకోవడం ద్వారా సిద్ధాంతాన్ని సమీక్షించగలరు.
- ఆధునిక తెలుగు కల్పనాసాహిత్యం ద్వారా సామాజిక, సాంస్థ్రతిక,రాజకీయ చైతన్యాన్ని పొందుతారు.

# <u>పాఠ్య ప్రణాళిక</u>

## యూనిట్-I : ఆధునిక కవిత్వం

1. ఆధునిక కవిత్వం – పరిచయం 2. కొండవీదు - దువ్వూరి రామిరెడ్డి ('కవికోకిల' గ్రంథావళి–ఖండకావ్యాలు–నక్షత్రమాల సంపుటి నుండి) 3. మాతృసంగీతం – అనిసెట్టి సుబ్బారావు ('అగ్నివీణ' కవితాసంపుటి నుండి) 4. 'తాతకో నూలుపోగు' – బండారు ప్రసాదమూర్తి ('కలనేత' కవితాసంపుటి నుండి) యూనిట్-II: కథానిక 5. తెలుగు కథానిక - పరిచయం – కాళీపట్నం రామారావు 6. భయం (కథ) 7. స్వేదం ఖరీదు....? - (కథ) - రెంటాల నాగేశ్వరరావు యూనిట్-III : నవల 8. తెలుగు 'నవల' - పరిచయం 9. రథచక్రాలు (నవల) – మహీధర రామ్మోహన రావు (సంక్షిప్త ఇతివృత్తం మాత్రం) 10. రథచక్రాలు (సమీక్షా వ్యాసం) - దాగి యల్లాప్రగడ మల్లికార్జునరావు యూనిట్-IV: నాటకం 11. తెలుగు 'నాటకం' - పరిచయం 12. యక్షగానము (నాటిక) – ఎం.వి.ఎస్. హరనాథరావు. 13. ''అపురూప కళారూపాల విధ్వంసదృశ్యం 'యక్షగానము' (సమీక్షా వ్యాసం)" –డా॥కందిమళ్ళసాంబశివరావు యూనిట్- 🛛 : విమర్శ 14. తెలుగు సాహిత్య విమర్శ - పరిచయం

15. విమర్శ – స్వరూప స్వభావాలు; ఉత్తమ విమర్శకుడు – లక్షణాలు

## ఆధార గ్రంథాలు/వ్యాసాలు:

18–130,						
ంకటసుబ్బయ్య						
ూర్య ఎస్.గంగప్ప						
)ట 213-217						
తెలుగువాణి, అయిదవ అఖిలభారత తెలుగు మహాసభల (పత్యేక సంచిక						
ఆచార్య జి.వి.సుబ్రహ్మణ్యం						

# సూచించబడిన సహపాఠ్య కార్యక్రమాలు:

- ఆధునిక కవిత్వానికి సంబంధించిన కొత్త కవితలను/అంశాలను ఇచ్చి, విద్యార్థులచేత వాటిమీద అసైన్మెంట్లు రాయించడం
- 2. పాఠ్యాంశాలకు సంబంధించిన విషయాలపై వ్యాసాలు రాయించడం (సెమినార్/అసైన్మెంట్)
- 3. తెలుగు సాహిత్యంలోని ప్రసిద్ధ కథలపై, కవితలపై సమీక్షలు రాయించడం.
- 4. ఆధునిక పద్యనిర్మాణ రచన చేయించడం.
- 5. విద్యార్థులను బృందాలుగా విభజించి, నాటకలపై/నవలలపై సమీక్షలు రాయించడం.
- 6. సాహిత్యవ్యాసాలు సేకరించడం, బృందచర్చ నిర్వహించడం, క్షేత్రపర్యటనలు.
- 7. ప్రసిద్దల విమర్శావ్యాసాలు చదివించి, వాటిని విద్యార్థుల సొంత మాటల్లో రాయించడం.
- 8. పాఠ్యాంశాలపై స్వీయ విమర్శావ్యాసాలు రాయించడం.

# +ప్రశ్నాపత్ర నమూనా +

## అ–విభాగము

సంక్షిప్త సమాధాన ప్రశ్నలు – ప్రతి యూనిట్ నుంచి తప్పనిసరిగా ఒక ప్రశ్న ఇస్తూ, మొత్తం ఎనిమిది ( పశ్నలు ఇచ్చి, ఐదింటికి సమాధానం రాయమనాలి. 5×5=25 మా.

## ఆ–విభాగము

వ్యాసరూప సమాధాన ప్రశ్నలు–ప్రతి యూనిట్ నుంచి తప్పనిసరిగా <u>రెండు</u> ప్రశ్నలు ఇచ్చి ఒక ప్రశ్నకు సమాధానం రాయమనాలి. మొత్తం ప్రశ్నలు 5. 5×10=50 మా.  ★ మాదిరి (పశ్నాప(తం + అ−విభాగము

క్రింది వానిలో ఐదింటికి సంక్షిప్త సమాధానాలు రాయండి. ప్రతి సమాధానానికి 5 మార్కులు.

- 1. కొండవీడు 5. కథానిక
- 2. తెలుగు నవల
   6. విమర్శ
- 3. తెలుగు నాటకం 7. అనిసెట్టి సుబ్బారావు
- 4. ఆధునిక కవిత్వం 8. కాళీపట్నం రామారావు

## ఆ–విభాగము

క్రింది వానిలో అన్ని ప్రశ్నలకు సమాధానాలు రాయండి.

ప్రతి సమాధానానికి 10 మార్కులు.

9. ఆధునిక కవిత్వ ఆవిర్భావ వికాసాలను వివరించండి.

(ව්ದా)

కొండవీడులో దువ్వూరి రామిరెడ్డి గారి సందేశాన్ని వివరించండి.

10. తెలుగు కథానికను పరిచయం చేయండి.

( ව් සං)

భయం కథలోని రచయిత సందేశాన్ని రాయండి.

11. సాహిత్య ప్రక్రియగా నవల స్థానాన్ని విమర్శించండి.

( ව් සං)

రథచక్రాలు నవలలోని ఇతివృత్తాన్ని విశ్లేషించండి.

12. తెలుగు నాటక పరిణామాన్ని గూర్చి రాయండి.

( ව් සං)

యక్షగానం నాటికపై సమీక్షా వ్యాసం రాయండి.

13. తెలుగు సాహిత్య విమర్శను పరిచయం చేయండి (లేదా)

విమర్శ స్వరూప స్వభావాలను వివరిస్తూ, ఉత్తమ విమర్శకుని లక్షణాలను రాయండి.

5×5=25 మా.

5×10=50 మా.

బి.ఏ., బి.కాం., బి.యస్సి., తదితర ప్రోగ్రాములు అంశం: జనరల్ తెలుగు సెమిస్టర్–3 కోర్సు–3 : సృజనాత్మక రచన

యూనిట్ల సంఖ్య:5

పీరియద్ల సంఖ్య:60

♦ అభ్యసన ఫలితాలు:−

ఈ కోర్సు విజయవంతంగా ముగించాక, విద్యార్థులు క్రింది అభ్యసన ఫలితాలను పొందగలరు.

- తెలుగు సాహిత్య అభ్యసన ద్వారా నేర్చుకున్న నైపుణ్యాలను, సృజనాత్మక నైపుణ్యాలుగా మార్చుకోగలరు.
- విద్యార్థులు భాషాతత్వాన్ని, భాష యొక్క అవశ్యకతను, భాష యొక్క (ప్రాధాన్యాన్ని గుర్తిస్తారు. మనిషి వ్యక్తిగత జీవనానికి, సామాజికవ్యవస్థ పటిష్టతకు భాష (పధానమని తెలుసుకుంటారు. తెలుగుభాషలోని కీలకాంశాలైన 'వర్ణం–పదం–వాక్యా'ల (ప్రాధాన్యాన్ని గుర్తిస్తూ, వాగూప– లిఖితరూప వ్యక్తీకరణ ద్వారా భాషానైపుణ్యాలను మెరుగుపరచుకోగలరు.
- 3.భాషానైపుణ్యాలను అలవరచుకోవడంతోపాటు వినియోగించడం నేర్చుకుంటారు. రచనా, భాషణానైపుణ్యాలను సృజనాత్మక రూపంలో వ్యక్తీకరించగలరు.
- 4. ప్రాచీన పద్యరచనతో పాటు ఆధునిక కవిత, కథ, వ్యాసం, మొదలైన సాహిత్యప్రక్రియల నిర్మాణాలకు సంబంధించిన సిద్ధాంతవిషయాలను నేర్పడంతో పాటు వారిలో రచనా నైపుణ్యాలను పెంపొందించుకోగలరు.
- 5. సృజన రంగం, ప్రసారమాధ్యమ రంగాల్లో ఉపాధి అవకాశాలను అందిపుచ్చుకోగలరు.
- 6. అనువాద రంగంలో నైపుణ్యం సంపాదించగలరు.

## <u>పాఠ్య ప్రణాళిక</u>

# యూనిట్−I: వ్యక్తీకరణ నైపుణ్యాలు

- 1. భాష-ప్రాథమికాంశాలు: భాష-నిర్వచనం, లక్షణాలు, ఆవశ్యకత, ప్రయోజనాలు
- 2. వర్ణం-పదం-వాక్యం', వాక్య లక్షణాలు, సామాన్య-సంయుక్త-సంశ్లిష్టవాక్యాలు
- 3. భాషా నిర్మాణంలో 'వర్ణం-పదం-వాక్యం' (ప్రాధాన్యత

# యూనిట్-II సృజనాత్మక రచన

4.	కవితా రచన	:	ఉత్తమ కవిత – లక్షణాలు
5.	కథారచన	:	ఉత్తమ కథ – లక్షణాలు
6.	వ్యాస రచన	:	ఉత్తమ వ్యాసం–లక్షణాలు

#### యూనిట్–III: అనువాద రచన

- 7. అనువాదం –నిర్వచనం, అనువాద పద్ధతులు,
- 8. అనువాద సమస్యలు–భౌగోళిక,భాషా,సాంస్థ్రతిక సమస్యలు, పరిష్కారాలు
- 9. అభ్యాసము : ఆంగ్లం నుండి తెలుగుకు,తెలుగు నుండి అంగ్లానికి ఒక పేరానుఅనువదించడం

# యూనిట్ IV మాధ్యమాలకు రచన−1 (ముద్రణామాధ్యమం/ట్రింట్ మీడియా)

- 10. ముద్రణామాధ్యమం (అచ్చుమాధ్యమం) : పరిచయం, పరిధి, వికాసం
- 11. వివిధ రకాల పత్రికలు–పరిశీలన, పత్రికాభాష, శైలి, వైవిధ్యం
- 12. పత్రికా రచన : వార్తా రచన, సంపాదకీయాలు, సమీక్షలు–అవగాహన

# యూనిట్ V మాధ్యమాలకు రచన-2 (ప్రసార మాధ్యమం/ఎలక్ర్రానిక్ మీడియా)

- 13. ప్రసారమాధ్యమాలు : నిర్వచనం, రకాలు, విస్తృతి, ప్రయోజనాలు
- 14. శ్రవణ మాధ్యమాలు రచన: రేడియో రచన, ప్రసంగాలు, నాటికలు, ప్రసార సమాచారం
- 15. దృశ్యమాధ్యమాలు రచన: వ్యాఖ్యానం (యాంకరింగ్), టెలివిజన్ రచన

ఆధార గ్రంథాలు/వ్యాసాలు: 1. వ్యక్తీకరణ నైపుణ్యాలు – చూ. 1. ఆధునిక భాషాశాస్త్ర సిద్దాంతాలు–ఆచార్య పి.ఎస్.సుబ్రహ్మణ్యం 2. తెలుగు భాషా చరిత్ర - సం.ఆచార్య భద్రిరాజు కృష్ణమూర్తి 3. తెలుగు వాక్యం – దా. చేకూరి రామారావు 2. ఉత్తమ కవిత–లక్షణాలు – చూ. నవ్యకవిత్వ లక్షణములు– ఆచార్య సి.నారాయణరెడ్డి ఆధునికాంధ్ర కవిత్వము–సంప్రదాయములు, ప్రయోగములు: చతుర్ధ ప్రకరణము. 3. ఉత్తమ కథ-లక్షణాలు - చూ.కథాశిల్పం-వల్లంపాటి వెంకటసుబ్బయ్య, పుటలు 11-17 4. ఉత్తమ వ్యాసం-లక్షణాలు- చూ.చదువు-సంస్మతి (వ్యాసం) - కొడవటిగంటి కుటుంబరావు - చూ.1. అనువాద సమస్యలు - రాచమల్లు రామచంద్రారెడ్డి 5. అనువాద రచన పుటలు 61-75, 85-94 2. అనువాదన పద్ధతులు ఆచరణ సమస్యలు–చేకూరి రామారావు "భాషాంతరంగం", పుటలు 130–146, తెలుగు విశ్వవిద్యాలయం ప్రచురణ 6. ముద్రణా మాధ్యమం – చూ. మాధ్యమాలకు రచన, పుటలు 9–12 - దా। బి.ఆర్.అంబేద్కర్ విశ్వవిద్యాలయ ప్రచురణ 7. పత్రికా భాష - చూ. మాధ్యమాలకు రచన, పుటలు 67-74 - దా। బి.ఆర్.అంబేద్కర్ విశ్వవిద్యాలయ ప్రచురణ - చూ. తెలుగు- మౌలికాంశాలు, పుటలు 59-69 8. పత్రికా రచన – దా। బి.ఆర్.అంబేద్కర్ విశ్వవిద్యాలయ ప్రచురణ – చూ. మాధ్యమాలకు రచన, పుటలు 3-10 9. ప్రసార మాధ్యమాలు – దా।। బి.ఆర్.అంబేద్కర్ విశ్వవిద్యాలయ ప్రచురణ 10. రేడియో రచన - చూ.మాధ్యమాలకు రచన, పుటలు 141-148 - దా।। బి.ఆర్.అంబేద్కర్ విశ్వవిద్యాలయ (పచురణ 11. వ్యాఖ్యానం (యాంకరింగ్) - చూ.మాధ్యమాలకు రచన, పుటలు 178-181 - దా। బి.ఆర్.అంబేద్కర్ విశ్వవిద్యాలయ ప్రచురణ 12. టెలివిజన్ రచన - చూ.మాధ్యమాలకు రచన, పుటలు 153-160 – దా।। బి.ఆర్.అంబేద్కర్ విశ్వవిద్యాలయ ప్రచురణ – దా॥ బూదరాజు రాధాకృష్ణ 13. తెలుగు జర్నలిజం

## సూచించబడిన సహపాఠ్య కార్యక్రమాలు

- భాషాంశాలపై, వాక్య నిర్మాణంపై అసైన్మెంట్లు రాయించడం, పత్రికల్లోని సాహిత్య/భాషాంశాలను సేకరింపజేయడం.
- 2. విద్యార్థులచేత తెలుగుభాషా సాహిత్యాలపై ప్రసంగవ్యాసం ఇప్పించడం (సెమినార్/ అసైన్మెంట్)
- 3. వ్యాసరచన, లేఖారచన, స్వీయకవితలు రాయించి, తరగతిలో చదివింపచేయడం మొదలైనవి.
- 4. వివిధ కార్యక్రమాల్లో విద్యార్థులచేత సదస్సు నిర్వహణ, వ్యాఖ్యానం (యాంకరింగ్) చేయించడం.
- సమకాలీన భాషాసమస్యలపై / ఉద్యమాలపై/సాంఘిక సమస్యలపై 'బృందచర్చ' (Group Discussion) నిర్వహింపచేయడం.
- 6. తెలుగుభాషా దినోత్సవం/అంతర్జాతీయ మాతృభాషా దినోత్సవం మొదలైన రోజుల్లో జరిగే సాంస్కృతిక కార్యక్రమాలు విద్యార్థులచేత నిర్వహింపజేయడం, వాటిపై సమీక్షలు/పత్రికా ప్రకటనలు రాయించడం.
- 7. సమకాలీన సంఘటనలపై సామాజిక మాధ్యమాల్లో/ టి.వి.ల్లో జరిగే చర్చలను నమోదు చేయించి సంకలనం చేయడం.
- 8.సాంస్మ్రతిక / చారిత్రక ప్రాశస్త్రం కలిగిన కట్టదాలు , దేవాలయాలు, కళానిలయాలను 'బృందపర్యటన/ క్షేత్ర పర్యటన' ద్వారా విద్యార్థులచేత సందర్శింపజేయడం.

+ప్రశ్నాపత్ర నమూనా + అ−విభాగము

సంక్షిప్త సమాధాన (పశ్నలు – (పతి యూనిట్ నుంచి తప్పనిసరిగా ఒక (పశ్న ఇస్తూ, మొత్తం ఎనిమిది (పశ్నలు ఇచ్చి, ఐదింటికి సమాధానం రాయమనాలి. 5×5=25 మా.

## ఆ–విభాగము

వ్యాసరూప సమాధాన ప్రశ్నలు–ప్రతి యూనిట్ నుంచి తప్పనిసరిగా <u>రెండు</u> ప్రశ్నలు ఇచ్చి ఒక ప్రశ్నకు సమాధానం రాయమనాలి. మొత్తం ప్రశ్నలు 5. 5×10=50 మా.

# ★ మాదిరి |పశ్నాప(తం ↓ అ−విభాగము

క్రింది వానిలో ఐదింటికి సంక్షిప్త సమాధానాలు రాయండి. 8వ ప్రశ్నకు తప్పనిసరిగా సమాధానం రాయాలి. ప్రతి సమాధానానికి 5 మార్కులు. 5×5=25 మా.

1. భాష–ప్రయోజనాలు 2. వాక్యం–లక్షణాలు 3. టెలివిజన్ రచన 4. రేడియో రచన

5. ఉత్తమ వ్యాసం-లక్షణాలు 6. సంశ్లిష్ట వాక్యం 7. సంపాదకీయాలు

8. క్రింది అంశాన్ని తెలుగులోకి అనువదించి రాయండి.

To many, Indian thought, Indian manners, Indian customs, Indian Philoshophy, Indian Literature are repulsive at the first sight; but let them preservere, let them read, let them become familiar with the great principles underlying these ideas, and it is ninety-nine to one that the charm will come over them, and fascination will be the result. Slow and silent, as the gentle dew that falls in the morning, unseen and unheard yet producing, a most tremendous result, has been the work of the calm, patient, all-suffering spiritual race upon the World of thought.

#### ఆ–విభాగము

క్రింది వానిలో అన్ని ప్రశ్నలకు సమాధానాలు రాయండి.

ప్రతి సమాధానానికి 10 మార్కులు.

5×10=50 మా.

- 9. భాషానిర్మాణంలో 'వర్ణం–పదం–వాక్యా'ల ప్రాధాన్యతను వివరించండి. (లేదా) భాషను నిర్వచించి, లక్షణాలు రాసి, ప్రామాణిక భాషను పరిచయం చేయండి.
- 10. ఉత్తమ కవితా లక్షణాలను విశ్లేషించండి.

( ව් සං)

ఉత్తమ కథా లక్షణాలను వివరించండి.

11. అనువాద సమస్యలను, వాటి పరిష్కారాలను గూర్చి రాయండి.

( ව් සා)

అనువాద లక్షణాలను వివరిస్తూ, అనువాద పద్దతులను గురించి రాయండి.

12. ముద్రణా మాధ్యమాన్ని పరిచయం చేస్తూ; దాని పరిధి, వికాసాలను వివరించండి. (లేదా)

పత్రికా రచనను గురించి విశ్లేషణాత్మక వ్యాసం రాయండి.

13. ప్రసార మాధ్యమాల విస్పతి, ప్రయోజనాలను సమోక్షించండి.

( ව් සං)

యాంకరింగ్ నిర్వహణ, తీరుతెన్నులను వివరించండి.

#### SUBJECT EXPERTS

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#### SYLLABUS VETTED BY

Prof.S.Rajeswari, Dept of Telugu Studies, S V University, Tirupati

## ANDHA UNIVERSITY

I B.A.,/B.Com.,/B.Sc., SEMESTER – I : GENERAL HINDI PAPER – I

#### w.e.f. 2020-21

(Prose, Short Stories and Grammar)

Credits : 03 Teaching Hrs/Week : 04

## **SYLLABUS**

# गद्य संदेश (PROSE)

- १. भारतीय साहित्य की एकता नन्द दुलारे वाजपायी
- २. आत्मनिर्भरता पं. बालकृष्ण भट्ट
- ३. अन्दर की पवित्रता डॉ. हजारी प्रसाद द्विवेदी

# <u>कथा लोक (SHORT STORIES)</u>

- ४. ठाकुर का कुआँ प्रेमचंद
- १. वापसी उषा प्रियंवदा
- २. सदाचार का तावीज हरिशंकर परसाई

## <u>व्याकरण (GRAMMAR)</u>

लिंग, वचन,

काल

विलोम शब्द

```
कार्यालयीन शब्दावली - अंग्रेजी से हिन्दी, हिन्दी से अंग्रेजी
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पत्र लेखन - व्यक्तिगत पत्र (छुट्टी पत्र , पिता, मित्र के नाम पत्र, पुस्तक विक्रेता के नाम पत्र )

## **ANDHRA UNIVERSITY**

I B.A.,/B.Com.,/B.Sc., SEMESTER – I : GENERAL HINDI PAPER – I

w.e.f. 2020-21

## (Prose, Short Stories and Grammar)

Time : 3hrs

Max Marks :75

#### **MODEL QUESTION PAPER**

## PART - A

I.	किन्ही पाँच प्रश्नों के उत्तर Short Q & ANS	दीजिए	5 X 5 = 25
1.	Annotation - Prose		
2.	Annotation - Prose		
3.	Short Question - Prose		
4.	Short Question - Short Storie	s(Non-detailed)	
5.	Short Question - Short Storie	es(Non-detailed)	
6.	Short Question - Short Storie	es(Non-detailed)	
7.	Short Question – Grammar		
8.	Short Question - Grammar		
		PART - B	
II.	निम्न लिखित सभी प्रश्नों वे	क उत्तर दीजिए	5 X10 = 50
1.	PROSE		
	(अथवा)		
	PROSE		
2. I	PROSE		
	(अथवा)		
	Short Stories(Non-detailed)		
3.	Short Stories(Non-detailed)		
	(अथवा)		

Short Stories(Non-detailed)

4. LETTER WRITING पत्र लेखन (अथवा) LETTER WRITING पत्र लेखन 5. a ) निम्न लिखित शब्दों के विलोम शब्द लिखिए | 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10 b ) काल (अथवा) निम्न लिखित अंग्रेजी शब्दों का हिन्दी में अनुवाद कीजिए | (a ) 1. Part time 2. Memorandum 3. Conference 4. Certificate 5. Circular (b) निम्न लिखित हिन्दी शब्दों का अंग्रेजी में अनुवाद कीजिए

6. चुनाव 7. सचिव 8. लेखाकार 9. राज्यपाल 10. नगर निगम

## ANDHRA UNIVERSITY

II B.A.,/B.Com.,/B.Sc., SEMESTER – II : GENERAL HINDI PAPER – I

2020-21

(Prose, Short Stories, Grammar and Letter writing)

Credits: 03

Teaching Hrs/Week: 4

## **SYLLABUS**

# गद्य संदेश (PROSE)

- १. भारत में संस्कृति संगम राम्धारी सिंह दिनकर
- ३. समय पर मिलाने वाले हरिशंकर परसाई
- R. HIV /AIDS

# <u>कथा लोक (SHORT STORIES)</u>

३. हार की जीत - सुदर्शन

- ४. पुरस्कार जयशंकर प्रसाद
- ५. सेवा ममता कालिया

## <u>व्याकरण (GRAMMAR)</u>

कार्यालयीन हिन्दी शब्दावली - अंग्रेजी से हिन्दी, हिन्दी से अंग्रेजी

पदनाम

कारक,

पत्र लेखन (आवेदन पत्र, शिकायती पत्र )

# **ANDHRA UNIVERSITY** II B.A.,/B.Com.,/B.Sc., SEMESTER – II : GENERAL HINDI PAPER – I

## w.e.f.2020-21

(Prose, Short Stories, Grammar and Letter writing)

Time : 3hrs

Max Marks :75

# MODEL QUESTION PAPER

PA

ART - A	
I. किन्ही पाँच प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए	5 X 5 = 25
Short Q & ANS	
9. Annotation - Prose	
10. Annotation - Prose	
11. Short Question - Prose	
12. Short Question - Short Stories(Non-detailed)	
13. Short Question - Short Stories(Non-detailed)	
14. Short Question - Short Stories(Non-detailed)	
15. Short Question - Grammar	
16. Short Question - Grammar	
PART - B	
॥. निम्न लिखित सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए	5 X10 = 50
17. PROSE	
(अथवा)	
PROSE	
18. PROSE	

(अथवा)

Short Stories(Non-detailed)

19. Short Stories(Non-detailed)

(अथवा)

Short Stories(Non-detailed)

पत्र लेखन ( आवेदन पत्र, शिकायती पत्र ) 20. LETTER WRITING

(अथवा)

LETTER WRITING पत्र लेखन

21. कारक कितने प्रकार के हैं ? समझाइए |

(अथवा)

a)	निम्न	लिखित	हिन्दी	शब्दों ह	का अंब	प्रेजी में	अनुवाद	कीजिए	
	1.	2.		3.		4.	5.		
b)	निम्न	लिखित	हिन्दी	पदनाय	मों का	अंग्रेजी	में अनुव	गद कीजिए	-

1. 2. 3. 4. 5.

Signature of the members

## **ANDHRA UNIVERSITY**

II B.A.,/B.Com.,/B.Sc., SEMESTER – III : GENERAL HINDI PAPER – II w.e.f. 2022-23

(Old & Modern Poetry, History of Hindi Literature, Essays, Translation and Official Letters)

Credits: 03

Teaching Hrs/Week: 4

## **SYLLABUS**

1.**काव्यदीप :** साखी - १-१०

सूरदास - बाल वर्णन आगे बढ़, आगे - मैथिलीशरण गुप्त भिक्षुक - निराला चरण चले, ईमान अचल हो ! - माखनलाल चतुर्वेदी

2. हिन्दी साहित्य का इतिहास :

भक्तिकाल : स्वर्ण य्ग

ज्ञानाश्रयी शाखा - कबीर, प्रेमाश्रयी शाखा - जायसी

3.साधारण निबंध :

नारी शिक्षा का महत्त्व

प्रदूषण का खतरा

विश्व भाषा के रूप में हिन्दी

भारत की वर्तमान समस्याएँ

स्वच्छ भारत

4.अन्वाद : अंग्रेजी से हिन्दी ( 3-4 lines)

तेलुगु से हिन्दी

5.प्रयोजन मूलक हिन्दी : सरकारी पत्र (Official letters )

# ज्ञापन, परिपत्र, सूचना

#### ANDHRA UNIVERSITY

II B.A.,/B.Com.,/B.Sc., SEMESTER - III : GENERAL HINDI PAPER - II

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Time : 3hrs

Max Marks :75

#### MODEL QUESTION PAPER

#### PART - A

 II.
 किन्ही पाँच प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए |
 5 X 5 = 25

 Short Q & ANS

1. .Annotation – Old Poetry

2. Annotation - Old Poetry

3. Annotation - Modern Poetry

4. Annotation - Modern Poetry

5. Short Question – Old Poetry

6. Short Question - Modern Poetry

7. Short Question - Official Letter (Functional Hindi)

8. Short Question – History of Hindi Literature

#### PART - B

॥. निम्न लिखित सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए | 5 X10 = 50

9. Modern Poetry – Summary

(अथवा)

Modern Poetry – Summary

10. History of Hindi Literature

#### (अथवा)

History of Hindi Literature

11. Translation (English to Hindi)

(अथवा)

Translation (Telugu to Hindi)

12. General Essay

(अथवा)

General Essay

13.Official Letter ( Functional Hindi ) (अथवा) Official Letter ( Functional Hindi )

# Signature of the members

## ANDHRA UNIVERSITY

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w.e.f. 2022-23

(Old & Modern Poetry, History of Hindi Literature, Essays, Translation and Official Letters)

Credits : 03

Teaching Hrs/Week: 4

## **SYLLABUS**

1.**काव्यदीप :** तुलसी दास के दोहे (१-१०)

रहीम के दोहे (१-१०)

सुख - दुःख - सुमित्रानंदन पंत

कलम और तलवार - रामधारी सिंह दिनकर

भारत - जयशंकर प्रसाद

2. हिन्दी साहित्य का इतिहास :

भक्तिकाल : रामभक्ति शाखा - तुलसी दास,

कृष्ण भक्ति शाखा - सूर दास

3. साधारण निबंध : समाज में नारी का स्थान,

भाषा की समस्या,

मेरा प्रिय कवि/ साहित्यकार

विज्ञान से हानि - लाभ,

राष्ट्र - निर्माण में विद्यार्थियों का योगदान

4.<u>अनुवाद</u> : अंग्रेजी से हिन्दी ( 3-4 lines)

तेलुगु से हिन्दी

5.प्रयोजन मूलक हिन्दी : सरकारी पत्र (Official letters )

अधि सूचना, अर्ध सरकारी पत्र, नीलाम

#### ANDHRA UNIVERSITY

II B.A.,/B.Com.,/B.Sc., SEMESTER–IV : GENERAL HINDI PAPER – II w.e.f.2022-23

(Old & Modern Poetry, History of Hindi Literature, Essays, Translation and Official Letters)

Time : 3hrs Max Marks :75

5 X 5 = 25

#### **MODEL QUESTION PAPER**

#### PART - A

III. किन्ही पाँच प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए | Short Q & ANS

14. .Annotation – Old Poetry

15. Annotation - Old Poetry

16. Annotation - Modern Poetry

17. Annotation - Modern Poetry

18. Short Question – Old Poetry

19. Short Question - Modern Poetry

20. Short Question - Official Letter (Functional Hindi)

21. Short Question – History of Hindi Literature

#### PART - B

॥. निम्न लिखित सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए |

5 X10 = 50

22. Modern Poetry – Summary

#### (अथवा)

Modern Poetry – Summary

**23**. History of Hindi Literature

(अथवा)

History of Hindi Literature

24. Translation (English to Hindi)

(अथवा)

Translation (Telugu to Hindi)

25. General Essay

(अथवा)

**General** Essay

26.Official Letter ( Functional Hindi ) (अथवा) Official Letter ( Functional Hindi )

Signature of the Members

#### **Expected out comes of the courseBCH-1:**

1. The student gains knowledge in the chemistry of biomolecules such as water, carbohydrates, lipids, proteins and nucleic acids which make up all the living organisms including humans.

2. This will enable the student to understand the importance of these biomolecules in living organisms and effects of their alterations in diseasesoccurring in plants, animals and humans.

3. The practicals will give the expertise to the student for analysis of any biological or non biological sample for identification of its chemical composition

#### Major Domain Subject: BIO-CHEMISTRY SEMESTER-I

#### **Course: Biomolecules**

#### Code: BCH-1

#### 60 HRS

#### (5 periods/week)

#### Unit - I: Biophysical Concepts

Water as biological solvent, Buffers, measurement ofpH, electrodes, Biological relevance of pH, pKa value, analysis of drinking water and pond water, Total dissolved salts (TDS), BOD, COD, soil analysis (texture, organic matter, elements), Electrical conductivity.

12 hours

12 hours

12 hours

#### **Unit - II: Carbohydrates**

Carbohydrates: Classification, monosaccharides, D and L designation, open chain and cyclic structures, epimers and anomers, mutarotation, reactions of carbohydrates (due to functional groups - hydroxyl, aldehyde and ketone. Amino sugars, Glycosides. Structure and biologicalimportance of disaccharides (sucrose, lactose, maltose, isomaltose, trehalose), trisaccharides (raffinose, melezitose), structural polysaccharides (cellulose, chitin, pectin) and storage polysaccharides (starch, inulin, glycogen). Glycosaminoglycans, Bacterial cell wall polysaccharides. Outlines of glycoproteins, glycolipids and blood group substances.

#### Unit – III: Lipids

Lipids: Classification, saturated and unsaturated fatty acids, structure and properties of fats and oils (acid, saponificition and iodine values, rancidity). General properties and structures of phospholipids. Prostaglandins-structure, types and biological role. Lipoproteins- types and functions, Biomembranes-formation of micelles, bilayers, vesicles, liposomes. Membrane composition and organization - Fluid mosaic model.

#### Unit-IV: Amino Acids and Proteins 12 hours

Amino Acids: Classification, structure, stereochemistry, chemical reactions ofamino acids due to carbonyl and amino groups. Titration curve of glycine and px values. Essential and nonessential amino acids, non-protein amino acids. Peptide bond -

nature and conformation. Naturally occurring peptides - glutathione, enkephalin.

Proteins: Classification based on solubility, shape and function. Determination of amino acid composition of proteins. General properties of proteins, denaturation and renaturation of proteins. Structural organization of proteins- primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary structures (Eg. Hemoglobin and Myoglobin).

#### Unit-V: Nucleic acids and porphyrins 12 hours

Types of RNA and DNA. Structure of purines and pyrimidines, nucleosides, nucleotides. Stability and formation of phosphodiester linkages. Effect of acids, alkali and nucleases on DNA and RNA. Structure of Nucleic acids-Watson-Crick DNA double helix structure, denaturation and renaturation kinetics of nucleic acids-, *T*m-values and
their significance, cot curves and their significance.

Structure of porphyrins:Identification of Porphyrins, Protoporphyrin, porphobilinogen properties, Structure of metalloporphyrins–Heme, cytochromes and chlorophylls.

#### I Semester Practicals: Qualitative Analysis

- 1. Preparation of buffers (acidic, neutral and alkaline) and determination of pH.
- 2. Qualitative identification of carbohydrates- glucose, fructose, ribose/xylose,maltose,sucrose, lactose, starch/glycogen.
- 3. Qualitative identification of amino acids-histidine, tyrosine, tryptophan, cysteine, arginine.
- 4. Qualitative identification of lipids- solubility, saponification, acrolein test, Salkowski test, Lieberman-Burchardtest.
- 5. Preparation of Osazones and their identification.
- 6. Absorptionmaximaofcoloredsubstances-p-Nitrophenol, Methylorange.
- 7. Absorption spectra of protein-BSA, nucleic acids-Calf thymus DNA.

#### **Recommended books:**

- 1. Soil Testing Manual by Dr. G. S. Wagh.
- 2. Soil Testing and Plant Analysis: Part I Soil Testing, Volume 2, SSSA Special publications by Glenn W. Hardy.
- 3. Soil Analysis: An interpretation manual by K. I. Peverill, L. A. Sparrow, D. J. Reuter
- 4. The biochemistry of Nucleic acids; Adams et al., Chapman and Hall, 1986.
- 5. Proteins: A guide to study by physical & chemical methods, Haschemeyer and Haschemeyer,
- 6. Proteins: Structure, function and evolution. Dickerson & Geis, 2nd Edn, Benjamin/Cummings.
- 7. Biochemistry Zubay C, Addison Wesley, 1986.
- 8. Biochemistry, A problem Approach, 2nd Edn. Wood, W.B. Addison Wesley 1981.
- 9. Biochemistry, Lehninger A.H.
- 10. Textbook of Biochemistry West, E.S., Todd, Mason & Vanbruggen, Macmillian&Co.
- 11. Principles of Biochemistry White-A, Handler, Pand Smith E.L. Mc Grew Hill.
- 12. Organic chemistry, I.L. Finar, ELBS. (1985).
- 13. Organic Chemistry by Morrison and Boyd (2000) Prentice Hall.
- 14. Fundamentals of Biochemistry by Donald Voet (1999).

#### Expected outcomes of the course BCH- II

- 1. The student will learn the various analytical techniques and their applications in separation and isolation of cells and tissues for studying their functional abnormalities
- 2. The knowledge in the analytical techniques will enable the student for isolation ,purification and chemical characterization of compounds from plants and microbes which will have medical or commercial importance.
- **3.** The practicals will provide the expertise to the student for quantification of electrolytes and other metal ions, hormones and identification of bacteria.
- 4. The expertise gained by the student in this course can be useful in food industries ,pharma industries, clinical and microbiological labs.

# Major Domain Subject: BIO-CHEMISTRY SEMESTER-II Course: Analytical techniques Code: BCH-II

#### 60 HRS

#### (5 periods/week)

#### Unit-I: Cell homogenization and centrifugation

Methods of tissue homogenization: (Potter-Elvejham, mechnical blender, sonicator and enzymatic). Centrifugation techniques, principles and applications- differential, density gradient. Ultra-centrifugationpreparative and analytical.

#### **Unit-II: Chromatographic techniques**

Types of chromatographic techniques, Principle and applications - Paper chromatography- solvents, Rf value, applications; Thin layer chromatography- principle, choice of adsorbent and solvent, Rf value, applications; Gel filtration, Ion- exchange- principle, resins, action of resins, experimental techniques, applications, separation of metal ions; Affinity chromatography.

#### Unit-III: Spectroscopy and tracer techniques

Electromagnetic radiation, Beer-Lambert's law.

Colorimetry and Spectrophotometry, spectrofluorimetry, flame photometry. Tracer techniques: Radio isotopes, units of radio activity, half life,  $\beta$  and  $\gamma$ - emitters, use of radioactive isotopes in biology, ELISA, RIA.

#### **Unit-IV: Electrophoresis**

Electrophoresis- principles and applications of paper, polyacrylamide (native and SDS) and agarose gel electrophoresis, isoelectric focusing, immune-electrophoresis-types and applications.

#### **Unit-V: Microbial techniques:**

Microscopy: Basic principles of light microscopy, phase contrast, electron microscope and fluorescent microscope and their applications.

Preparation of different growth media, isolation and culturing and preservation of microbes, Gram's staining-Gram positive and Gram negative bacteria, motility and sporulation, Sterilization techniques-Physical methods, chemical methods, radiation methods, ultrasonic and. Antibiotic resistance.

#### Practical BCP- 201 :

#### **Biochemical Techniques**

#### List of Experiments:

- 1. Isolation of RNA and DNA from tissue/culture.
- 2. Qualitative Identification of DNA, RNA and Nitrogen Bases

#### 12 hours

# 12 hours

12 hours

12 hours

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12 hours

- 3. Isolation of egg albumin from egg white.
- 4. Isolation of cholesterol from egg yolk.
- 5. Isolation of starch from potatoes.
- 6. Isolation of casein from milk.
- 7. Separation of amino acids by paper chromatography.
- 8. Determination of exchange capacity of resin by titrimetry.
- 9. Separation of serum proteins by paper electrophoresis.

#### **Recommended books:**

- 1. Principles and Techniques of practical Biochemistry. Eds. Williams and Wilson.
- 2. Techniques in Molecular biology Ed. Walker & Gastra, Croom Helm, 1983.
- 3. Principles of instrumental analysis, 2nd Ed, Holt-Sanders, 1980.
- 4. An introduction to spectroscopy for Biochemistry. Ed. Brown S.N., Academic press
- 5. Analytical Biochemistry, Holmes and Hazel peck, Longman, 1983.
- 6. An introduction to practical biochemistry. David T. Plummer, Tata Mac Grew-Hill.
- 7. Biophysical chemistry, Edshall & Wyman, Academic press Vol. II & I.
- 8. A textbook of quantitative inorganic analysis including elementary instrumental analysis, Vogel ELBS.
- 9. Biochemical calculations Seigel, IH, 2nd Edit, John Wiley & sons Inc., 1983.
- 10. Analytical Biochemistry by Friefelder David

#### Outcomes of the course BCH-III

- 1. The student will get knowledge in enzymes, their physiological importance and other applications.
- 2. The student will know how the nutrients such as carbohydrates, lipids and proteins get metabolized for the purpose of energy and other physiological functions in the body. This will enable the student to understand the pathophysiology of metabolic diseases such as diabetes, atherosclerosis etc. which occur due to alterations in metabolisms.
- 3. The practicals will provide the expertise for quantification of enzymes' activities, glucose, proteins and lipid levels in blood which will have clinical applications.

# Major Domain Subject: BIO-CHEMISTRY Semester-III **Course: Enzymology, Bioenergetics and Intermediary Metabolism** Code: BCH-III

60 HRS (5 periods/week)

# **Unit-I: Enzymology**

Introduction to Biocatalysis, differences between chemical and biological catalysis. Nomenclature and classification of enzymes. Definition of holo-enzyme, apo-enzyme, coenzyme, cofactor. Active site, Enzyme specificity. Principles of energy of activation, transition state. Interaction between enzyme and substrate-lock and key, induced fit models. Fundamentals of enzyme assay, enzyme units. Outlines of mechanism of enzyme action, factors affecting enzyme activity. Commercial application of enzymes.

#### **Unit- II: Bioenergetics and Biological oxidation**

Bioenergetics: Thermodynamic principles – Chemical equilibria; free energy, enthalpy (H), entropy (S). Free energy change in biological transformations in living systems; High energy compounds. Energy, change, oxidationreduction reactions.

Organization of electron carriers and enzymes in mitochondria. Classes of electron-transferring enzymes, inhibiters of electron transport. Oxidative phosphorylation. Uncouplers and inhibitors of oxidative phosphorylation. Mechanism of oxidative phosphorylation.

#### Unit-III: Carbohydrate Metabolism.

Concept of anabolism and catabolism. Glycolytic pathway, energy yield. Fate of pyruvate-formation of lactate and ethanol, Citric acid cycle, regulation, energy yield, amphipathic role. Anaplerotic reactions. Glycogenolysis and glycogenesis. Pentose phosphate pathway. Gluconeogenesis. Photosytnthesis- Light and Dark reactions, Calvin cycle, C<sub>4</sub> Pathway. Disorders of carbohydrate metabolism- Diabetes Mellitus.

# 12 hours

#### 12 hours

12 hours

#### **Unit-IV: Lipid Metabolism**

Catabolism of fatty acids ( $\beta$ - oxidation) with even and odd number of carbon atoms, Ketogenesis, *DE NOVO* synthesis of fatty acids, elongation of fatty acids in mitochondria and microsomes, Biosynthesis and degradation of triacylglycerol and lecithin. Biosynthesis of cholesterol. Disorders of lipid metabolism.

#### Unit-V: Metabolism of Amino acids

#### 12 hours

General reactions of amino acid metabolism- transamination, decarboxylation and deamination, Urea cycle and regulation, Catabolism of carbon skeleton of amino acids- glycogenic and ketogenic amino acids. Metabolism of glycine, serine, aspartic acid, methionine, phenylalanine and leucine. Biosynthesis of creatine. Inborn errors of aromatic and branched chain amino acid metabolism.

#### 12 hours

#### Practical – BCP-301: Quantitative analysis

- 1. Assay of amylase.
- 2. Assay of urease.
- 3. Assay of catalase
- 4. Effect of pH, temperature and substrate concentration on enzyme activity.
- 5. Estimation of glucose by DNS method.
- 6. Estimation of glucose by Benedict's titrimetric method.
- 7. Estimation of total carbohydrates by Anthrone method.
- 8. Tests for lipids- Salkowski test, Lieberman-Burchard test.
- 9. Estimation of amino acid by Ninhydrin method.
- 10. Estimation of protein by Biuret method.

#### **Recommended books:**

- 1. Understanding enzymes: Palmer T., Ellis Harwood ltd., 2001.
- 2. Enzyme structure and mechanism. Alan Fersht, Freeman & Co. 1997
- 3. Principles of enzymology for food sciences: Whitaker Marc Dekker 1972.
- 4. Principles of Biochemistry, White. A, Handler, P and Smith.
- 5. Biochemistry, Lehninger A.L.
- 6. Biochemistry, Lubert Stryer.
- 7. Review of physiological chemistry, Harold A. Harper.
- 8. Text of Biochemistry, West and Todd.
- 9. Metabolic pathways Greenberg.
- 10. Mitochondria, Munn.
- 11. Biochemistry, 2nd Edition, G. Zubay.

#### Expected out comes of course BCH-IV

- 1. The student will get knowledge in the different physiological systems and their functions in the human body. By studying blood, its composition and its functions the student will understand the importance of blood.
- 2. This course will also provide knowledge in hormones, their functions and the diseases occurring due to alterations in the levels of hormones.
- 3. By studying this course the student will know the nutritional importance of proteins, carbohydrates, lipids, vitamins and minerals.

4. Clinical biochemistry unit along with practicals will enable the student to do diagnostic tests for liver diseases,Gastro intestinal diseases,renal diseases and nutititional deficiencies.

# Major Domain Subject: BIO-CHEMISTRY SEMESTER-IV Course: Physiology, Nutritional and Clinical Biochemistry Code: BCH-1V

#### 60 HRS

12 hours

(5 periods/week)

12hours

12hours

#### **Unit-I: Digestion and Blood**

Digestion and absorption of carbohydrates, lipids and proteins. Role of enzymes and gastrointestinal hormones in digestion. Composition of blood, Blood groups, coagulation of blood and disorders of blood coagulation (haemophilia). Hemoglobin and transport of gases in blood (oxygen and CO<sub>2</sub>). Types of anemias, haemoglobinopathies-sickle cell anemia.

#### Unit-II: Nervous system and excretory system

Introduction to nervous system, general organization of nervous system, Neurons-structure, types, properties and functions; Neurotransmitters, Cerebrospinal fluid-composition and functions, Reflex-types and properties.

Introduction to excretory system. Organisation of kidney, Structure and functions of nephron, Urine formation, Role of kidneys in maintaining acid-base and electrolyte balance in the body.

#### **Unit III: Endocrinology**

Endocrinology- organization of endocrine system. Classification of hormones. Outlines of chemistry, physiological role and disorders of hormones of thyroid, parathyroid, pituitary and hypothalamus. Introduction of gastrointestinal hormones. Mechanism of hormonal action- signal transduction pathways for glucocorticoids and insulin. Adrenalin, estrogen and progesterone.

#### **Unit- IV: Nutritional Biochemistry**

Balanced diet. Calorific values of foods and their determination by bomb calorimeter. BMR and factors affecting it. Specific dynamic action of foods. Energy requirements and recommended dietary allowance (RDA) for children, adults, pregnant and lactating women. Sources of complete and incomplete proteins. Biological value of proteins. Malnutrition-Kwashiorkar, Marasmus and PEM.

Vitamins- sources, structure, biochemical roles, deficiency disorders of water and fat soluble vitamins. Introduction to neutraceutical and functional foods. Bulk and trace elements-Ca, Mg, Fe, I, Cu, Mo, Zn, Se and F.

#### **Unit- V: Clinical Biochemistry**

#### 12hours

12hours

Plasma proteins in health and disease. Liver diseases-jaundice. Liver function tests- conjugated and total bilurubin in serum, albumin: globulin ratio, Serum enzymes in liver diseases-SGOT, SGPT, GGT,CPK, Acid and alkaline phosphatases. Serum lipids and lipoproteins. Normal and abnormal constituents of urine. Renal function tests-Blood urea, creatinine, GFR, creatinine clearance. GTT and gastric and pancreatic function tests.

# <u>Practical – BCH-401: Nutritional and Clinical Biochemistry</u> 45 HRS

3 periods/week)

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#### List of Experiments:

- 1. Estimation of calcium by titrimetry
- 2. Estimation of iron by Wong's method.
- 3. Estimation of vitamin C by 2, 6 -dichlorophenol indophenol method.
- 4. Determination of iodine value of an oil.
- 5. Estimation of hemoglobin in blood.
- 6. Total count RBC and WBC. Differential count.
- 7. Determination of blood group and Rh typing.
- 8. Visualization of antigen antibody reactions (Ouchterlony technique).
- 9. Urine analysis for albumin, sugars and ketone bodies.
- 10. Estimation of urinary creatinine.
- 11. Estimation of blood Glucose.
- 12. Estimation of serum total cholesterol.

#### **Recommended books:**

- 1. Essentials of Food and Nutrition, Vol. I & II, M.S. Swaminathan.
- Text Book of Biochemistry with clinical correlations. Thomas M. Devlin (John Wily).
- 3. Harper's Review of Biochemistry, Murray et al (Longman).

- Biochemical aspects of human disease R.S. Elkeles and A.S. Tavil. (Blackwell Scientific Publications).
- Clinical chemistry in diagnosis and treatment–Joan F.Zilva and P.R.Pannall (Lloyd-Luke Medical Books, 1988).
- Varley's Practical clinical Biochemistry Ed. Alan W. Gowenlock (Heinemann Medical Books, London, 1988).
- Clinical diagnosis and management by Lab methods (John Bernard Henry, W.B. Salunders Company, 1984).
- 8. Clinical Biochemistry S.Ramakrishnan and Rajiswami.
- Chemical Biochemistry (Metabolic and clinical aspects) by W.J.Marshall & S.K.Bangert.
- 10. Text book of clinical Biochemistry by Tietz et al.

#### Expected outcomes of the course BCH-V

- Thiscoursewill enable the student to know various microbes such as bacteria, fungi and viruses , their structures and other properties and diseases caused by them. The student will also get knowledge in their commercial applications by making use of their beneficial effects such as fermentation in alcohol production, nitrogen fixation in agricultureetc.
- The student will also get knowledge in immune system, vaccines and also understand the pathogenesis of auto immune diseases and immune deficiency diseases.
- 3. This course will provide knowledge and expertise in molecular biology such as genes, their structureand importance. This will also enable the student to

know the applications of PCR in cloning and diagnosis of genetic and viral diseases.

 The practicals will provide the expertise to the student to work in microbiology laboratory, food and pharma industries, and biotech companies for production of vaccines and other life saving drugs.

#### Major Domain Subject: BIO-CHEMISTRY

#### Semester - IV

#### Course: Microbiology,Immunology and Molecular biology Code: BCH-V

0 H RS (5 pe rio ds/ we ek)

#### **Unit-I: Microbiology12hours**

Introduction to microbiology and microbial diversity. Classification of microorganisms- prokaryotic and eukaryotic microorganisms.Bacterial structure, growth curve and kinetics of growth. Introduction to viruses-plant and animal viruses, structure, life cycle, Food and dairy microbiology.

#### **Unit-II: Nitrogen Fixation**

#### 12hours

Nitrogen cycle, Non-biological and biological nitrogen fixation, photosynthetic and non-photosynthetic systems, Nitrogenase system. Utilization of nitrate ion, Ammonia incorporation into organic compounds. Synthesis of glutamine and regulatory mechanism of glutamine synthase.

#### **Unit-III: Applied Biochemistry12 hours**

Fermentation Technology: Batch, continuous culture techniques, principle types of fermentors. Pasteur effect.Industrial production of chemicals- alcohol, acids (citric acid), solvents (acetone), antibiotics (penicillin), Enzyme Technology: Immobilization of enzymes and cells, industrial applications, enzymes in Bioremediation.

#### Unit- IV: Immunology12hours

Organs and cells of immune system. Innate and acquired immunity, Cell mediated humoral immunity (T-cells and B-cells). Classification of and immunoglobulins, structure of IgG. Epitopes / antigenic determinants. Concept of Adjuvants. Monoclonal antibodies.Antigen-antibody haptens. reactionsagglutination, immunoprecipitation, immunodiffusion. Blood groupantigens. Immunodiagnostics- ELISA. Vaccines and their classification. Traditional vaccinesliveand attenuated. Modern vaccines- recombinant and peptide vaccines. Outlines of hypersensitivityreactions.

#### Unit- IV: Molecular biology

12 hours

Types of RNA and DNA, DNA replication-leading and lagging strands, okazaki fragments, inhibitors of DNA replication. Genetic code, Protein synthesistranscription, translation, inhibitors of protein synthesis. Outlines of cloning technology, vectors, restriction enzymes, PCR,applications of cloning in agriculture, industry and medicalfields.

#### Practical – BCP-501: Microbialogy and immunology 45 HRS

(

#### 3 periods/week)

#### **List of Practical Experiments**

- 10. Biosafety and good laboratory practices (GLP) of Microbiology.
- 11. Sterilization of microbial media by autoclave.
- 12. Isolation of pure cultures: (i) Streak plate method. (ii) Serial dilution method.
- 13. Demonstration of alcohol fermentation.
- 14. Antibiotic sensitivity by paper disc method.
- 15. Effect of nitrogen sources on growth of E. coli
- 16. Immunodiffusion by Ouchterlony method.
- 17. Blood group analysis.
- 18. Isolation of DNA from plant tissues.
- 19. Spotters.

#### **Recommended books:**

1. Willey MJ, Sherwood, LM &Woolverton C J (2013) Prescott, Harley and Klein's

Microbiology by. 9th Ed., McGrawHill.

- Atlas RM. (1997). Principles of Microbiology. 2nd edition. WM.T.Brown Publishers.
- Pelczar MJ, Chan ECS and Krieg NR. (1993). Microbiology. 5th edition. McGraw

Hill Book Company.

- 4. Fermentation Technology (2nd ed.) Standury (Pergman press)
- 5. Biotechnology: Textbook of Industrial microbiology 2nd Edit. By Crueger and

Crueger (2000).

- 6. Principles of Biochemistry, White. A, Handler, P and Smith.
- 7. Goldsby RA, Kindt TJ, Osborne BA. (2007). Kuby's Immunology. 6th edition
- W.H. Freeman and Company, New York.
  - 8. Richard C and Geiffrey S. (2009). Immunology. 6th edition. Wiley Blackwell

Publication.

9. Watson JD, Baker TA, Bell SP, Gann A, Levine M and Losick R (2008) Molecular

Biology of the Gene, 6th edition, Cold Spring Harbour Lab. Press, Pearson Publication.

10. Molecular biology by David Freifelder

# AP STATE COUNCIL OF HIGHER EDUCATION

# **CBCS PATTERN FOR MICROBIOLOGY**

# **B.Sc MICROBIOLOGY (CBCS) REVISED SYLLABUS - 2020**

YEAR	SEMESTER	PAPER	TITLE	MARKS	CREDICTS
I	Ι	MBT - I	INTRODUCTION TO MICROBIOLOGY	100	
		MBP – I	INTRODUCTION TO MICROBIOLOGY AND MICROBIAL DIVERSITY	50	
	II	MBT – II	MICROBIAL PHYSIOLOGY AND BIOCHEMISTRY	100	
		MBP – II	MICROBIAL PHYSIOLOGY AND BIOCHEMISTRY	50	
II	III	MBT –III	MEDICAL MICROBIOLOGY AND IMMUNOLOGY	100	
		MBP – III	MEDICAL MICROBIOLOGY AND IMMUNOLOGY	50	
		MBT - IV	INDUSTRIAL MICROBIOLOGY	100	
		MBP – IV	INDUSTRIAL MICROBIOLOGY	50	
	IV	MBT - V	MOLECULAR BIOLOGY AND MICROBIAL GENETICS	100	
		MBP - V	MOLECULAR BIOLOGY AND MICROBIAL GENETICS	50	
III	V				
		MBT – A1	FOOD, AGRICULTURE AND ENVIRONMENTAL MICROBIOLOGY	100	
		MBP – A1	FOOD, AGRICULTURE AND ENVIRONMENTAL MICROBIOLOGY	50	
		MBT – A2	MANAGEMENT OF HUMAN MICROBIAL DISEASES AND DIAGNOSIS	100	

	MBP – A2	MANAGEMENT OF HUMAN	50		
		MICROBIAL DISEASES AND			
		DIAGNOSIS			
		B – PAIR			
	MBT - B1	MICROBIAL BIOTECHNOLOGY AND r	100		
		– DNA TECHNOLOGY			
	MBP – B1	MICROBIAL BIOTECHNOLOGY AND r	50		
		– DNA TECHNOLOGY			
	MBT – B2	BIOSTATISTICS AND	100		
		BIOINFORMATICS			
	MBP – B2	BIOSTATISTICS AND	50		
		BIOINFORMATICS			
	C – PAIR				
	MBT – C1	MICROBIAL QUALITY CONTROL	100		
		INSTRUMENTATION AND			
		TECHNIQUES			
	MBP – C1	MICROBIAL QUALITY CONTROL	50		
		INSTRUMENTATION AND			
		TECHNIQUES			
	MBT – C2	DRUG DESIGN, DISCOVERY AND	100		
		ITELECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS			
		(IPR)			
	MBP – C2	DRUG DESIGN, DISCOVERY AND	50		
		(IPR)			

# AP STATE COUNCIL OF HIGHER EDUCATION CBCS PATTERN FOR MICROBIOLOGY

# B.Sc MICROBIOLOGY (CBCS) REVISED SYLLABUS - 2020 MBT- I: INTRODUCTION TO MICROBIOLOGY AND MICROBIAL DIVERSITY

#### **TOTAL HOURS: 48**

#### **CREDITS: 4**

# UNIT-I:

#### No. of hours: 10

History and mile stones in microbiology. Contributions of Anton von Leeuwenhoek, Edward Jenner, Louis Pasteur, Robert Koch, Ivanowsky. Importance and applications of microbiology. Classification of microorganisms. Whittaker's five kingdom concept, Bergey's Manual of Systematic Bacteriology. General characteristics and outline classification of Bacteria, Archaea, Mycoplasmas, Cyanobacteria, Fungi, Algae, Protozoa and viruses.

# UNIT-II:

# No. of hours: 10

Methods of sterilization: Physical methods – Dry heat, moist heat, radiation methods, filtration methods, Chemical methods and their application.

Microbial cultures: Concept of pure culture, Methods of pure culture isolation, Enrichment culturing techniques, single cell isolation, and pure culture development.

Preservation of microbial cultures: subculturing, overlaying cultures with mineral oils, lyophilization, and cultures, storage at low temperature.

# UNIT-III:

# No. of hours: 8

Staining Techniques - Simple and Differential staining techniques.

Principles of microscopy - Bright field and Electron microscopy (SEM and TEM).

Nutritional types of bacteria. Microbiological media-Natural and synthetic basal, defined, complex, enrichment, selective, differential, maintenance and transport media.

Microbial growth: Principles of growth, Kinetics of growth, Methods of measuring growth: Direct methods: viable plate counts, membrane filtration. Indirect methods: Metabolic activity – measurements of DNA, Protein, Microscopic counts, electronic counters, most probable number; Batch and continuous growth, Synchronous culture, Diauxic growth, Types of cultures-stock, batch, continuous and synchronous cultures. Cultivation of aerobes and anaerobes. Reproduction in bacteria and spore formation.

# UNIT-V:

# No. of hours: 10

Ultra structure of Prokaryotic cell- Variant components and invariant components. Cell wall of bacteria and fungi, Gram positive cell wall, Gram negative cell wall, Cell wall of fungi and yeasts. Morphology,Ultrastructure and chemical composition of bacteria, Actinomycetes,

Spirochetes, Rickettsiae, Mycoplasma, Chlamydiae. Economic importance of algae and fungi. SCP.

# MBP- I: INTRODUCTION TO MICROBIOLOGY AND MICROBIAL DIVERSITYTOTAL HOURS: 30CREDITS: 2

- 1. Microbiology Good Laboratory Practices and Biosafety.
- 2. Preparation of culture media for cultivation of bacteria
- 3. Preparation of culture media for cultivation of fungi
- 4. Sterilization of medium using Autoclave
- 5. Sterilization of glassware using Hot Air Oven
- 6. Light compound microscope and its handling
- Microscopic observation of bacteria (Gram +ve bacilli and cocci, Gram ve bacilli), Cyanobacteria, Algae and Fungi.
- 8. Simple staining
- 9. Gram's staining
- 10. Hanging-drop method.
- 11. Isolation of pure cultures of bacteria by streaking method.
- 12. Preservation of bacterial cultures by various techniques.

# **SUGGESTED READING:**

- Pelczar, M.J., Chan, E.C.S. and Kreig, N.R. (1993). Microbiology. 5th Edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill Publishing Co., Ltd., New Delhi.
- Dube, R.C. and Maheswari, D.K. (2000) General Microbiology. S Chand, New Delhi.
  Edition), Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai.
- Power, C.B. and Daginawala, H.F. (1986). General Microbiology Vol I & II
- Prescott, M.J., Harley, J.P. and Klein, D.A. (2010). Microbiology. 5th Edition, WCB Mc GrawHill, New York.
- Reddy, S.M. and Reddy, S.R. (1998). Microbiology □ Practical Manual, 3 rd Edition, Sri Padmavathi Publications, Hyderabad.
- Singh, R.P. (2007). General Microbiology. Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.
- Stanier, R.Y., Adelberg, E.A. and Ingram, J.L. (1991). General Microbiology, 5th Ed., Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- Microbiology Edited by Prescott
- Jaya Babu (2006). Practical Manual on Microbial Metabolisms and General Microbiology. Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.
- Gopal Reddy et al., Laboratory Experiments in Microbiology

# B.Sc MICROBIOLOGY (CBCS) REVISED SYLLABUS – 2020 MBT – II: MICROBIAL PHYSIOLOGY AND BIOCHEMISTRY

# **TOTAL HOURS: 48**

# No. of hours: 8

**CREDITS: 4** 

Carbohydrates – Classification, chemistry, properties, and function– mono, di, oligo and polysaccharides. Lipids – classification, chemistry, properties and function – free fatty acids, triglycerides, phospholipids, glycolipids &waxes

#### UNIT-II:

UNIT-I:

# No. of hours: 10

Aminoacids –classification, structure and function. Essential amino Acids & amphoteric nature of amino acids and reactions and functions of carboxyl and amino groups and side chains. Proteins– isolation and characterization of proteins. Structural levels of proteins– primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary, denaturation of proteins. Hydrolysis of proteins. Outlines of Protein sequencing using various methods.

#### <u>UNIT – III:</u>

# No. of hours: 10

Nucleicacids-structure, function and their properties. Structural polymorphism of DNA, RNA. Chemical structure and base composition of nucleic acids, Chargaff's rules, Watson Crick Model (B-DNA), deviations from Watson-Crick model, other forms of DNA (A- and Z-DNA), forces stabilizing nucleic acid structures, (hydrogen bonds and hydrophobic associations, base stacking). Structural characteristics of RNA. Types of RNA.

# UNIT – IV:

#### No. of hours: 10

Aerobic respiration - Glycolysis, HMP path way, ED path way, TCA cycle, Electron transport, oxidative and substrate level phosphorylation. Kreb'scycle, glyoxylatecycle, hexose monophosphate (HMP) shunt, gluconeogenesis.

Anaerobic respiration Fermentation, Biochemical mechanisms of lacticacid, ethanol, butanol and citricacid\_fermentations. Nitrate and sulphate respiration. Outlines of oxygenic and anoxy genic photosynthesis in bacteria.

#### <u>UNIT- V</u>

#### No. of hours: 10

Properties and classification of Enzymes. Biocatalysis- induced fit and lock and key models.

Coenzymes and Cofactors. Factors affecting catalytic activity.

Inhibition of enzyme activity- competitive, noncompetitive, uncompetitive and allosteric.

Enzyme kinetics: Michaelis-Menten equation, effect of substrate concentration, effect of enzyme concentration, effect of p H and temperature, temperature.

# **MBP – II: MICROBIAL PHYSIOLOGY AND BIOCHEMISTRY**

# **TOTAL HOURS: 48**

# **CREDITS: 2**

- 1. Qualitative Analysis of Carbohydrates.
- 2. Qualitative Analysis of Aminoacids.
- 3. Colorimetric estimation DNA by diphenylamine method.
- 4. Estimation of RNA by Orcinol method.
- 5. Colorimetric estimation of proteins by Biuret / Lowry method.
- 6. Estimation of reducing sugar-Anthrone method.
- 7. Estimation of sugar by titration method–Benedict's method.
- 8. Determination of pKa and pI values of amino acids.
- 9. Assay of amylase activity
- 10. Effect of temperature / pH on enzyme activity
- 11. demonstration of immobilization of enzyme activity.

# **SUGGESTED READING:**

- Berg JM, Tymoczko JL and Stryer L (2011) Biochemistry, W.H.Freeman and Company Caldwell, D.R. (1995). Microbial Physiology and Metabolism, W.C. Brown Publications, Iowa, USA.
- Lehninger, A.L., Nelson, D.L. and Cox, M.M. (1993). Principles of Biochemistry, 2 nd Edition, CBS Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi.
- Sashidhara Rao, B. and Deshpande, V. (2007). Experimental Biochemistry: A student

Companion. I.K. International Pvt. Ltd.

- Tymoczko JL, Berg JM and Stryer L (2012) Biochemistry: A short course, 2nd ed., W.H.Freeman
- Voet, D. and Voet J.G (2004) Biochemistry 3rd edition, John Wiley and Sons
  White, D. (1995). The Physiology and Biochemistry of Prokaryotes, Oxford University Press, New York.

# B.Sc MICROBIOLOGY (CBCS) REVISED SYLLABUS – 2020 MBT – III: MEDICAL MICROBIOLOGY AND IMMUNOLOGY

#### **TOTAL HOURS: 48**

# **CREDITS: 4**

# <u>UNIT-I:</u>

# No. of hours: 8

Normal flora of human body. Host pathogen interactions: infection, invasion, pathogen, pathogenicity, virulence and opportunistic infection. General account on nosocomial infection. General principles of diagnostic microbiology- collection, transport and processing of clinical samples. General methods of laboratory diagnosis - cultural, biochemical, serological and molecular methods.

# UNIT-II:

# No. of hours: 10

General account on microbial diseases - causal organism, pathogenesis, epidemiology, diagnosis, prevention and control.

Bacterial diseases - Tuberculosis and Typhoid

Fungal diseases - Candidiasis, Aspergillosis, Yeast

Protozoal diseases – Malaria, Filaria & Diseases spread by House Fly. Viral Diseases - Hepatitis- A & C and AIDS.

# <u>UNIT-III:</u>

# No. of hours: 10

Description and pathology of diseases caused by Aspergillus, Penicillium. Description and pathology of diseases caused by hemoflagellates; *Leishmania donavani*, *L.tropica*,

*Trypanosoma gambiense*. Principles of chemotherapy, Antibacterial drugs – Penicillin, Antifungaldrugs – Nystatin, Antiviralagents – Robovirin, Drug resistance in bacteria. Interferon – Nomenclature, types & classification, Induction of interferon, types of Inducers.

# UNIT-IV:

# No. of hours: 10

Types of immunity - innate and acquired; active and passive; humoral and cell-mediated immunity.

Primary and secondary organs of immune system - Thymus, Bursa fabricus, bone marrow, spleen and lymph nodes.

Cells of immune system.

Identiification and function of B and T lymphocytes, null cells, monocytes, macrophages, neutrophils, basophils and eosinophils.

# UNIT – V:

# No. of hours: 10

Antigens - types, chemical nature, antigenic determinants, haptens. Factors affecting antigenicity.

Antibodies - basic structure, types, properties and functions of immunoglobulins.

Types of antigen-antibody reactions - Agglutinations, Precipitation, Neutralization,

complement fixation, blood groups.

Labeled antibody based techniques - ELISA, RIA and Immuno fluroscence. Polyclonal and monoclonal antibodies - production and applications.

Concept of Hypersensitivity and Autoimmunity. Hybridoma technology.

# MBP – III: MEDICAL MICROBIOLOGY AND IMMUNOLOGY

# **TOTAL HOURS: 48**

# **CREDITS: 2**

- 1. Identification of human blood groups.
- 2. Separate serum from the blood sample (demonstration).
- 3. Estimation of blood haemoglobin.
- 4. Total Leukocyte Count of the given blood sample.
- 5. Differential Leukocyte Count of the given blood sample.
- 6. Immunodiffusion by Ouchterlony method.

- Identify bacteria E. coli, Pseudomonas, Staphylococcus, Bacillus, using laboratory strains on the basis of cultural, morphological and biochemical characteristics: IMViC, urease production and catalase tests
- 8. Isolation of bacterial flora of skin by swab method.
- 9. Antibacterial sensitivity by Kirby-Bauer method
- 10. Study symptoms of the diseases with the help of photographs: Anthrax,

Polio, Herpes, chicken pox, HPV warts, Dermatomycoses (ring worms)

11. Study of various stages of malarial parasite in RBCs using permanent mounts.

# **SUGGESTED READING:**

- Ananthanarayan R. and Paniker C.K.J. (2009) Textbook of Microbiology. 8th edition, University Press Publication.
- Brooks G.F., Carroll K.C., Butel J.S., Morse S.A. and Mietzner, T.A. (2013) Jawetz, Melnick and Adelberg's Medical Microbiology. 26th edition. McGraw Hill Publication.
- Delves P, Martin S, Burton D, Roitt IM. (2006). Roitt's Essential Immunology.11th edition Wiley-Blackwell Scientific Publication, Oxford.
- Goldsby RA, Kindt TJ, Osborne BA. (2007). Kuby's Immunology. 6th edition W.H.
  Freeman and Company, New York.
- Kuby's Immunology. 6th edition W.H. Freeman and Company, New York.
- Jawetz, Melnick and Adelberg's Medical Microbiology. 26th edition. McGraw Hill Microbiology. 4th edition. Elsevier Publication.
- Willey JM, Sherwood LM, and Woolverton CJ. (2013) Prescott, Harley and Klein's Microbiology. 9th edition. McGraw Hill Higher Education.

# B.Sc MICROBIOLOGY (CBCS) REVISED SYLLABUS - 2020 <u>MBT – IV INDUSTRIAL MICROBIOLOGY</u>

# <u>UNIT – I</u>

# No. of hours: 7

Microorganisms of industrial importance – yeasts (*Saccharomyces cerevisiae*), moulds (*Aspergillus niger*) bacteria (*E.coli*), actinomycetes (*Streptomyces griseus*). Industrially important Primary and secondary microbial metabolites. Screening techniques. Techniques involved in selection of industrially important metabolites from microbes.

# <u>UNIT – II</u>

# No.of hours: 10

Fermentation and fermenter: concept and discovery of fermentation. Fermenter: its parts and function. Types of fermenter – batch, continuous and fed batch.

Types of fermentation processes – solid state, liquid state, batch, fed-batch, continuous.

Basic concepts of Design of fermenter.

Ingredients of Fermentation media.

Downstream processing - filtration, centrifugation, cell disruption, solvent extraction.

# <u>UNIT – III</u>

# No.of hours: 8

No.of hours: 7

Microorganisms involved in Pharma and therapeutic enzymes. Enzymes used in detergents, textiles and leather industries. Production of amylases and Proteases. Production of therapeutic enzymes. Role of microorganisms in bioleaching and textile industry.

# UNIT – IV

Industrial microorganisms: cell growth, microbial growth kinetics, factors affecting growth, basic nutrition, principles of production media, components of media, chemical composition of media. Microbial production of Industrial products: Citric acid, Ethanol, Penicillin, Glutamic acid, and vitamin B12.

# $\underline{UNIT} - \underline{V}$

# Bioreactors: basic structure of bioreactor, types of bioreactors, kinetics and methodology of batch and continuous bioreactors. Sterilization of bioreactors: fibrous filter sterilization. Aeration and agitation: agitation in shake flask and tube rollers.

# No.of hours:7

# MBP – IV INDUSTRIAL MICROBIOLOGY

# **Total hours: 36**

Credits: 2

- 1. Production of ethanol
- **2**. Estimation of ethanol
- 3. Isolation of amylase producing microorganisms from soil
- 4. Production of amylase from bacteria and fungi
- 5. Assay of amylase
- 6. Demonstration of fermenter
- 7. Production of wine from grapes
- 8. Growth curve and kinetics of any two industrially important microorganisms.
- 9. Microbial fermentation for the production and estimation of ethanol from grapes
- 10. Microbial fermentation for the production and estimation of citric acid

# B.Sc MICROBIOLOGY (CBCS) REVISED SYLLABUS - 2020 MBT – V: MOLECULAR BIOLOGY AND MICROBIAL GENETICS

# **TOTAL HOURS: 48**

# **CREDITS: 4**

# UNIT-I

# No. of hours: 8

DNA and RNA as genetic material. Structure and organization of prokaryotic DNA. Watson and Crick model of DNA. Extra chromosomal genetic elements - Plasmids and transposons. Replication of DNA - Semi conservative mechanism, Enzymes involved in replication.

# <u>UNIT-II</u>

Mutations - spontaneous and induced, base pair changes, frame shifts, deletions, inversions, tandem duplications, insertions.

Mutagens - Physical and Chemical mutagens.

# No. of hours: 10

Outlines of DNA damage and repair mechanisms.

Genetic recombination in bacteria - Conjugation, Transformation and Transduction.

# <u>UNIT-III</u>

# No. of hours: 10

Concept of gene  $\Box$  Muton, Recon and Cistron. One gene one enzyme and one gene one polypeptide hypotheses.

Types of RNA and their functions.

Genetic code.

Structure of ribosomes. Bacterial recombination – Bacterial transformation, Bacterial conjugation, Transduction– Generalized and specialized transductions.

# <u>UNIT-IV</u>

# Types of genes - structural, constitutive, regulatory, clustered genes and the control of gene expression. Regulation of gene expression in bacteria - operon concepts - Negative and positive control of the Lac Operon, trp operon. Poly and Mono cistronic m-RNA.

# <u>UNIT- V</u>

# No. of hours: 10

No. of hours: 8

**Transcription:** Enzymatic Synthesis of RNA - Basic features of RNA synthesis, *E.coli* RNA polymerase, Classes of RNA molecules, processing of tRNA and rRNA in *E.coli*, Transcription in Eukaryotes, Eukaryotic rRNA genes, formation of eukaryotic tRNA molecules, RNA Polymerases of eukaryotes. **Translation:** Outline of Translation, The Genetic Code, The Decoding System, Codon Anticodon interaction. Protein Synthesis, Complex Translation units, Inhibitors and Modifiers of protein synthesis, Protein Synthesis in Eukaryotes.

# MBP - V: MOLECULAR BIOLOGY AND MICROBIAL GENETICS

# **TOTAL HOURS: 48**

# **CREDITS: 2**

- 1. Study of different types of DNA and RNA using micrographs and model / schematic representations.
- 2. Study of semi-conservative replication of DNA through micrographs / schematic representations
- 3. Isolation of genomic DNA from E. coli

- 4. Estimation of DNA using UV spectrophotometer.
- 5. Resolution and visualization of DNA by Agarose Gel Electrophoresis.
- 6. Resolution and visualization of proteins by Polyacrylamide Gel Electrophoresis (SDS PAGE).
- 7. Problems related to DNA and RNA characteristics, Transcription and Translation.
- 8. Induction of mutations in bacteria by UV light.
- 9. Instrumentation in molecular biology Ultra centrifuge, Transilluminator, PCR

# **SUGGESTED READING:**

- Freifelder, D. (1990). Microbial Genetics. Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi.
  Freifelder, D. (1997). Essentials of Molecular Biology. Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi.
- Glick, B.P. and Pasternack, J. (1998). Molecular Biotechnology, ASM Press, Washington D.C., USA.
- Lewin, B. (2000). Genes VIII. Oxford University Press, England.
- Maloy, S.R., Cronan, J.E. and Freifelder, D. (1994). Microbial Genetics, Jones and Bartlett Publishers, London.
- Ram Reddy, S., Venkateshwarlu, K. and Krishna Reddy, V. (2007) A text Book of Molecular Biotechnology. Himalaya Publishers, Hyderabad.
- Sinnot E.W., L.C. Dunn and T. Dobzhansky. (1958). Principles of Genetics. 5 th Edition. McGraw Hill, New York.
- Smith, J.E. (1996). Biotechnology, Cambridge University Press.
- Snyder, L. and Champness, W. (1997). Molecular Genetics of Bacteria. ASM press,
- Strickberger, M.W. (1967). Genetics. Oxford & IBH, New Delhi.
- Verma, P.S. and Agarwal, V.K. (2004). Cell Biology, Genetics, Molecular Biology, Evolution and Ecology. S. Chand & Co. Ltd., New Delhi.

# V<sup>th</sup> SEMEISTER PAPERS

# THERE WILL BE THREE PAIRS OF EACH DOMAIN OF CORE COURSE. STUDENT HAS TO CHOOSE ONE PAIR FROM EACH DOMAIN.

# <u>A – PAIR</u>

# B.Sc MICROBIOLOGY (CBCS) REVISED SYLLABUS - 2020 MBT A1 – FOOD, AGRICULTURE AND ENVIRONMENTAL MICROBIOLOGY

# <u>UNIT – 1</u>

# **No.of Hours:8**

Intrinsic and extrinsic parameters that affect microbial growth in food Microbial spoilage of food - fruits, vegetables, milk, meat, egg, bread and canned foods Food intoxication (botulism).

Food-borne diseases (salmonellosis) and their detection.

# <u>UNIT – II</u>

Principles of food preservation - Physical and chemical methods.

Fermented Dairy foods – cheese and yogurt.

Microorganisms as food – SCP, edible mushrooms (white button, oyster and paddy straw). Probiotics and their benefits.

# <u>UNIT – III</u>

Soil Microbiology: Microbial groups in soil, microbial transformations of carbon, nitrogen, phosphorus and sulphur, Biological nitrogen fixation. Microflora of Rhizosphere and Phyllosphere microflora, microbes in composting. Importance of mycorrhizal inoculums, types of mycorrhizae associated plants, mass inoculums. Production of VAM, field applications of Ectomycorrhizae and VAM.

# <u>UNIT - IV</u>

# No.of Hours:8

Beneficial microorganisms in Agriculture: Biofertilizer (Bacterial Cyanobacterial and Fungal), microbial insecticides, Microbial agents for control of Plant diseases, Biodegradation, Biogas production, Biodegradable plastics, Plant – Microbe interactions.

Diseases caused by bacteria and fungi to various commercial and food crops (2 examples each) Management of soil biota for maintaining soil fertility. Convertion of waste lands into fertile lands. Management of soil nutrients.

# UNIT – V

# No.of Hours: 12

Terrestrial Environment: Soil profile and soil microflora. Aquatic Environment: Microflora of fresh water and marine habitats. Atmosphere: Aeromicroflora and dispersal of microbes.

# No.of Hours:8

No.of Hours:8

Extremophiles. Nutrient cycling - Carbon, nitrogen, phosphorus. Methods to detect portability of water samples.

Outlines of Solid Waste management: Sources and types of solid waste, Methods of solid waste disposal (composting and sanitary landfill).

Liquid waste management: Composition and strength of sewage (BOD and COD), Primary, secondary and tertiary sewage treatment.

# MBP A1 – FOOD, AGRICULTURE AND ENVIRONMENTAL MICROBIOLOGY

# **Total hours: 40**

# Credits: 2

- **1.** Isolation of bacteria and fungi spoiled bread / fruits / vegitables
- 2. Preparation of yogurt / dahi
- 3. Determination of microbiological quality of milk sample by MBRT
- 4. Enumeration of bacteria, fungi and actinomycetes from soil
- 5. Enumeration and identification of rhizosphere micro flora
- **6.** Isolation of rhizobium from root nodules.
- 7. Isolation of azatobcter from soil.
- 8. Observation description of any three bacterial and fungal plant diseases
- 9. Staining and observation of VAM.
- 10. Analysis of soil pH, Moisture content and water holding capacity.
- 11. Study of air flora by petriplate exposure method.
- 12. Analysis of potable water: SPC, Presumptive, confirmed and completed test, determination of coli form count in water by MPN.
- 13. Determination of Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD) of waste water samples.

# **SUGGESTED READINGS:**

- Atlas RM and Bartha R. (2000). Microbial Ecology: Fundamentals & Applications. 4th edition, Benjamin/Cummings Science Publishing, USA
- Barton LL & Northup DE (2011). Microbial Ecology. 1st edition, Wiley Blackwell, USA
- Campbell RE. (1983). Microbial Ecology. Blackwell Scientific Publication, Oxford, England.

- Coyne MS. (2001). Soil Microbiology: An Exploratory Approach. Delmar Thomson Learning.
- Lynch JM & Hobbie JE. (1988). Microorganisms in Action: Concepts & Application in Microbial Ecology. Blackwell Scientific Publication, U.K.
- Madigan MT, Martinko JM and Parker J. (2014). Brock Biology of Microorganisms. 14th edition. Pearson/ Benjamin Cummings.
- Maier RM, Pepper IL and Gerba CP. (2009). Environmental Microbiology. 2nd edition, Academic Press.
- Martin A. (1977). An Introduction to Soil Microbiology. 2nd edition. John Wiley & Sons Inc. New York & London.
- Okafor, N (2011). Environmental Microbiology of Aquatic & Waste systems. 1st edition, Springer, New York.
- Singh A, Kuhad, RC & Ward OP (2009). Advances in Applied Bioremediation.
  Volume 17, Springer-Verlag, Berlin Hedeilberg
- Stolp H. (1988). Microbial Ecology: Organisms Habitats Activities. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, England.
- Subba Rao NS. (1999). Soil Microbiology. 4th edition. Oxford & IBH Publishing Co. New Delhi.
- Willey JM, Sherwood LM, and Woolverton CJ. (2013). Prescott's Microbiology. 9th edition. McGraw Hill Higher Education.

# B.Sc MICROBIOLOGY (CBCS) REVISED SYLLABUS - 2020 MBT A2 – MANAGEMENT OF HUMAN MICROBIAL DISEASES AND DIAGNOSIS

# <u>UNIT – I</u>

# No.of Hours: 8

Definition and concept of health, disease, infection, and pathogen. Bacterial, Viral, Fungal and Protozoan Diseases of various human body systems. Disease associated clinical samples for diagnosis - any three diseases of each.

# <u>UNIT-II</u>

# No. of hours: 8

General account of epidemiology: principles of epidemiology, current epidemics (AIDS, nosocomal, acute respiratory syndromes). Collection of clinical samples (oral cavity, throat, skin, blood, CSF, urine and faeces) and precautions required. Method of transport of clinical samples to laboratory and storage.

# <u>UNIT- III</u>

# No. of hours: 8

Mechanism of bacterial pathogenicity, colonization and growth, virulence, virulence factors, exotoxins, enterotoxins, endotoxins and neurotoxins.

Examination of sample by staining - Gram stain, Ziehl-Neelson staining for tuberculosis, Giemsa-stained thin blood film for malaria.

Preparation and use of culture media - Blood agar, Chocolate agar, Lowenstein-Jensen medium, MacConkey agar, Distinct colony properties of various bacterial pathogens.

# <u>UNIT-IV</u>

# No. of hours: 6

Serological Methods - Agglutination, ELISA, immunofluorescence, Nucleic acid based methods - PCR, Nucleic acid probes.

Diagnosis of Typhoid, Dengue and HIV, Swine flu. Role of vectors- biology of vectors. (1) House fly (2) Mosquitoes (3) sand fly.

# <u>UNIT- V</u>

# No. of hours: 6

Importance, Determination of resistance/sensitivity of bacteria using disc diffusion method, Determination of minimal inhibitory concentration (MIC) of an antibiotic by serial double dilution method. Epidemiological investigations to identify a disease, Problems of drug resistance and drug sensitivity. Drug resistance in bacteria.

# MBP- AII: MICROBIAL DIAGNOSIS IN HEALTH CLINICSTOTAL HOURS: 40CREDITS: 2

1. Collection transport and processing of clinical specimens (Blood, Urine, Stool and Sputum). Receipts, Labeling, recording and dispatching clinical specimens.

2. Physical, Chemical & microscopic examination of clinical samples – urine, stool, puss, sputum.

3. Isolation and identification of following pathogens from clinical samples: *E.coli, Salmonella and Psedumonas.* 

- 4. Demonstration of permanent slides of the following parasites:
  - a) Entamoeba histolytica
  - b) Ascaris spps.
  - c) Plasmodium spps.
  - d) Mycobacterium tuberculosis & Mycobacterium leprae
- 5. Estimation of hemoglobin (Acid hematin and cyan methanoglobin method).
- 6. ESR and PCV determination.
- 7. Immuno hematology: Blood group typing by slide test & tube for ABO & Rh systems.
- 8. Isolation of bacteria in pure culture and Antibiotic sensitivity.

# SUGGESTED READING

- Ananthanarayan R and Paniker CKJ (2009) Textbook of Microbiology, 8th edition, Universities Press Private Ltd.
- Brooks G.F., Carroll K.C., Butel J.S., Morse S.A. and Mietzner, T.A. (2013) Jawetz, Melnick and Adelberg's Medical Microbiology. 26th edition. McGraw Hill Publication.
- Collee JG, Fraser, AG, Marmion, BP, Simmons A (2007) Mackie and Mccartney Practical Medical Microbiology, 14th edition, Elsevier.
- Randhawa, VS, Mehta G and Sharma KB (2009) Practicals and Viva in Medical Microbiology 2ndedition, Elsevier India Pvt Ltd.
- Tille P (2013) Bailey's and Scott's Diagnostic Microbiology, 13th edition, Mosby.
#### <u>B – PAIR</u>

# B.Sc MICROBIOLOGY (CBCS) REVISED SYLLABUS - 2020 MBT BI – MICROBIAL BIOTECHNOLOGY AND r – DNA TECHNOLOGY

#### **TOTAL HOURS: 36**

# CREDITS: 3

#### No. of hours: 8

Introduction to microbial biotechnology, Bacterial genes, genomes and genetics. Recombinant microbial biotechnology products, biotechnology regulation and ethics. **Restriction and Modification**: Classification of restriction endonucleases. Enzymes used in molecular cloning; Polymerases, ligases, phosphatases, kinases and nucleases; Advanced Molecular biology techniques, Electrophoresis and Blotting techniques.

#### <u>UNIT-II</u>

#### Cutting and joining DNA: (cohesive end ligation, methods of blunt end ligation).

Transfection and transformation. Selection of transformed cells. Screening methods (Genetic marker and blue white screening).

Biomass and bio fuels: plant biomass (cellulose, starch, pectin, gum materials). Animal biomass (chitin, milk, whey, slaughter, house waste). Microbial biomass (alagal blooms, in fresh and sea water), fungal mushrooms, fermentation waters by yeasts, and bacterial biomass.

#### <u>UNIT-III</u>

#### No. of hours: 7

Cloning vehicles - Plasmid, Bacteriophage, Construction of genomic and cDNA libraries.

Advantages of cDNA libraries. Concept of single cell proteins, probiotics and their applications. Microbial production of fuels: alcohols, hydrogen and methane. Microbial production of polymers: xanthenes gums.

#### <u>UNIT-IV</u>

#### No. of hours: 7

Methods of gene sequencing – Maxam - Gilberts and Sanger's dideoxy chain termination methods; Polymerase chain reaction technique (Components in PCR and PCR conditions). Methods of gene transfer in fungi, yeast and higher plants using microinjection, microprojectile bombardment (gene gun method, Electroporation and *Agrobacterium* mediated transformation. Expression of cloned genes in bacteria, yeast, plant and animal cells. Basic principles and application of biosensors. Nucleic acid probe technology.

### <u>UNIT – I</u>

#### No. of hours: 8

#### UNIT- V

#### No. of hours: 7

Concept of genetically modified microorganisms. Bt cotton : production, advantages and limitations.

Probable advantages and disadvantages of genetically modified crops. Role of microorganisms in creation of transgenic animals and plants.

#### **MBT- BI : MICROBIAL BIOTECHNOLOGY AND r – DNA TECHNOLOGY**

#### **TOTAL HOURS: 36**

#### CREDITS: 2

- 1. Culturing of mushrooms
- 2. Isolation of yeast from grapes.
- 3. Production of wine
- 4. Production of ethyl alcohol
- 5. Isolation of Plasmid DNA from E.coli
- 6. Tissue culture: callus cultivation
- **7.** Fermentative production of ethyl alcohol
- 8. Transformation in Bacteria using plasmid.
- 9. Restriction digestion of DNA and its electrophoretic separation.
- 10. Ligation of DNA molecules and their testing using electrophoresis.
- 11. Activity of DNAase and RNAse on DNA and RNA.
- 12. Isolation of Plasmid DNA.
- 13. Demonstration of PCR.

# B.Sc MICROBIOLOGY (CBCS) REVISED SYLLABUS - 2020 <u>MBT B2 – BIOSTATISTICS AND BIOINFORMATICS</u>

#### TOTAL HOURS: 36

#### <u>UNIT – I</u>

#### **CREDITS: 3**

#### No.of hours: 7

Definition, nature and scope of bioinformatics. Bioinformatics versus computational biology. Branches of bioinformatics. Basic concepts in bioinformatics. Introduction to Biological data bases: NCBI, EMBL, EXPASY, PIR, Pfam. Concept of World Wide Web: HTML, HTPP.

#### <u>UNIT – II</u>

Searching sequence data bases using BLAST. Multiple sequence alignment– progressive alignment–profiles–multi dimensional dynamic programming. Biostatistics: Measures of Central tendency and distribution–mean, median, mode, range, standard deviation, variance.

#### <u>UNIT – III</u>

#### No.of hours: 7

Basic principles of probability theory, Bayes theorem, Normal distribution, statistical inference – Types of errors and levels of significance. Comparison of variance (F-test), small sample test, t-test for comparison of means, chi square test. Analysis of variance–one way and two way, multiple comprises.

#### $\underline{UNIT} - IV$

#### No.of hours: 7

Correlation and Linear regression. Sequence Analysis: Introduction to hidden Markov models. Genomics and proteomics: Molecular phylogenetics: Construction of Phytogenetic trees using parsimony method and branch & bound method. Clustering methods– UPGMA & neighborjoining. Fragment assembly, peptide sequencing using mass and spectroscopy data. Comparative genomics.

#### <u>UNIT – V</u>

#### No.of hours: 8

Modeling: Protein secondary structure prediction–Chou Fasmanrules– Neural networks– discriminant analysis. Prediction of transmembrane segments in Membrane proteins. Protein3D structure prediction– homology– threading – Potential energy functions–energy minimization– molecular dynamics–simulated annealing.

#### **MBP B2 - BIOSTATISTICS AND BIOINFORMATICS**

#### TOTAL HOURS: 36

#### **CREDITS: 2**

- 1. Isolation of plasmid DNA from E.coli cells
- 2. Quantitative and qualitative analysis of proteins / DNA by using spectrophotometer.
- 3. Demonstration of Southern hybridization
- 4. Demonstration of amplification DNA by PCR.
- 5. Use of software for sequence analysis of nucleotides and proteins.
- 6. Problem related to t test and  $chi^2 test$ .
- 7. Use of Internet/software for sequence analysis of nucleotides and proteins:
- 8. Studies of public domain data bases for nucleic acid and protein sequences.
- 9. Determination of protein structure (PDB).
- 10. Genome sequence analysis
- Problems related to measures of central tendency, dispersion, t-test and chi Square test.

#### **SUGGESTED READINGS:**

- 1. Daniel, 2006, Biostatistics, Eighth Edition. John Wisley and sons.
- 2. Durbin, Eddy, Krogh, Mithison, Biological sequence analysis.
- 3. T.A.AttwoodandD.J.parry-smith, 2001, Introduction of Bioinformatics.
- 4. A.D.Baxevaris, 1998, Bioinformatics: Apractical guidetotheanalysis of

Genes and proteins, (Edited) B.F.Publication.

5. David W, 2005, Bio-informatics;sequenceandGenomeAnalysis,2ndEdition By Mount CB Spublishers.

## $\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{PAIR}$

# **B.Sc MICROBIOLOGY (CBCS) REVISED SYLLABUS - 2020** MBT CI – MICROBIAL QUALITY CONTROL INSTRUMENTATION AND **TECHNIQUES**

#### **TOTAL HOURS: 36**

#### **CREDITS: 3**

No.of hours:7

#### UNIT – I

Microbial quality control definition, history and introduction. Standard Methods involved in assessment of microbial quality control. Q.A and Q.C definitions and importance. Traditional Microbiological Quality Controling methods: Sampling methods, TVC, APC and serial dilution techniques. Microbiological criteria. Laboratory facility design for quality control: Sterilization, disinfection and decontamination. Personnel training: Hygiene and handling techniques. Documentation. Good laboratory practices.

#### UNIT – II

Culture media used in OC and OA: Design of specialized media for identification of pathogens. Good laboratory practices in culture media preparation: raw material, water, pH. Uses of media. Selective and indicator media used in pharmaceutical and food industries. Instruments associated in QC and QA: Principle involved, working conditions, uses and precautions of Laminar Air Flow (LAF), Autoclave, Incubator, pH meter, Colony counter, Hot air oven, Centrifuges and storage devices.

#### UNIT – III

Techniques for enumeration of microorganisms: sample preparation from Aqueous, soluble, insoluble, medical and pasteurized materials. Counting methods: pour plate, spread plate, membrane filtration. Most Probable Number (MPN) and MIC. Turbidimetric methods. Staining techniques for identification bacteria and Fungi.

#### UNIT – IV

Microscopy – Principles of light, phase, fluorescent & electron microscopes; Microscopic techniques: Basic principles and applications of phase – contrast microscopy, fluorescent microscopy and electron microscopy, types of electron microscopy- scanning and transmission. Radio isotopes: radiometric analysis, stable and radioactive isotopes, preparation, labeling, detection and measurement of isotope.

#### UNIT - V

#### No.of hours:7

No.of hours: 7

#### No.of hours: 8

#### No.of hours:7

Principles of Centrifugation – Centrifugation techniques – preparative and analytical methods, density gradient centrifugation. General principles and applications of chromatography – Paper, Column, Thin layer, Gas, Ion exchange, Affinity chromatography, HPLC, FPLC, GCMS and Gel filtration. Electrophoresis- moving boundary, zone (Paper Gel) electrophoresis. Immuno electrophoresis. Immuno blotting. Isoelectric focusing, 2-Delectrophoresis, Principles of colorimetry

#### **MBP-C1 : MICROBIAL INSTRUMENTATION AND BIOTECHNIQUES**

#### **Total hours: 36**

#### Credits: 2

- 1. Isolation and enumeration of bacteria form food / pharmaceutical source.
- 2. Quality Assurance of water by MPN method.
- 3. Preparation of any two selective and indicator media commonly used Q.A & Q.C
- 4. Microbial quality of in and around laboratory conditions.
- 5. Isolation and Identification of fungi by using selective media and staining procedures.
- 6. Identification of MIC of any one antibiotic.
- 7. Colorimetric and spectroscopic estimation of nucleic acids.
- 8. Microscopic observations of examination of bacteria, fungi and actinomycetes.
- 9. Separation of cell components by centrifugation technique.
- **10.** Demonstration of immune electrophoresis.
- **11.** Demonstration of HPLC.

#### **Suggested readings:**

- 1. Hand book of Microbial Quality control by Rosamund. M, Baird Norman. A, Hodges and Stephen. P, Denyer. CRC press.
- The Microbiological Quality of Food, 1st Edition, Editors: Antonio Bevilacqua Maria Rosaria Corbo Milena Sinigaglia eBook ISBN: 9780081005033 Imprint:Wood head Publishing.
- Guide to Microbiological Control in Pharmaceuticals and Medical Devices, Second Edition, Stephen P. Denyer, Rosamund M. Baird, CRC Press.

- WILSON & WALKER, Practical Biochemistry: Principles and techniques, Academic publishers.
- 5. UPADHYAY, UPADHYAY &NATH, Biophysical Chemistry: Principles and techniques, Himalaya Publishers.

# B.Sc MICROBIOLOGY (CBCS) REVISED SYLLABUS - 2020 <u>MBT – C2: DRUG DESIGN, DISCOVERY AND ITELECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS</u> <u>(IPR)</u>

#### **TOTAL HOURS: 36**

# CREDITS: 3

No. of Hours: 7

No. of Hours: 7

No. of Hours: 7

#### <u>Unit – I</u>

Introduction- History of drug design, Current approaches and philosophies in drug design, Molecular mechanisms of diseases and drug action with examples. Pharmaceutical products of microbial origin (antibiotics) animal origin (sex hormones), plant origin (Alkaloids & Morphine). Sources of Drugs- Microbial drugs, Plants as a source of drugs, *E. coli* as a source of recombinant therapeutic proteins.

#### <u>Unit – II</u>

Expression of recombinant proteins in yeasts, animal cell culture systems.. Rational drug design and Combinatorial approaches to drug discovery. Drug development process- Impact of genomics and related technologies upon drug discovery: Gene chips, Proteomics, Structural genomics and Pharmacogenetics. Drug manufacturing process- Guides to good manufacturing practice.

#### <u>Unit – III</u>

Vaccines and adjuvant- Traditional vaccine preparations, Attenuated and inactivated viral and bacterial vaccines, Toxoids. Peptide vaccines. Adjuvant technology. Nucleic acid as drugs- Gene therapy: Basic approach to gene therapy, Vectors used in gene therapy - Manufacture of viral vectors, Non-viral vectors. Gene therapy and genetic disease, cancer, Gene therapy and AIDS. Gene based vaccines.

#### <u>Unit – IV</u>

Introduction: general introduction to IPR (parent, plant breeder's right). Trademarks, industrial design, trade secrets (or) undisclosed information integrated circuit designs.

#### No. of Hours: 8

Patenting principle, international – standards and patent validity (neem and relaxins), recent developments in patent system and patentability of biotechnology, invention IPR issues of the Indian context. Copy right and rights related to copy right, International standards as per WHO, ISI, bio safety and validation.

#### <u>Unit – V</u>

#### No. of Hours: 7

Biotechnology and hunger: challenges for the Indian biotechnological research and industries. Bio safety: the Cartagena protocol on bio safety.

Bio safety management: key to the environmentally responsible use of biotechnology, ethical implications of biotechnology product techniques, social and ethical implications of biological weapons

# <u>MBT – C2: DRUG DESIGN, DISCOVERY AND ITELECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS</u> (IPR)

#### **TOTAL HOURS: 40**

#### **CREDITS: 3**

- **1.** Isolation of antibiotic producing bacteria from soil samples
- 2. Isolation of drug resistant plasmid from bacteria (E.coli).
- 3. Isolation of Actinomycetes from soil.
- 4. Identification of antibacterial activity of actinimycetes.
- 5. Identification of antibacterial activity of fungi
- 6. Identification of antagonistic activity of any two fungal species.
- 7. Assay of any one antibiotic (Penicillin).
- 8. Determination of MIC of any one antibiotic (penicillin / streptomycin).
- 9. Study of components and design of a BSL III laboratory
- 10. Filing applications for approval from bio safety committee
- 11. Filing primary applications for patents
- 12. Study of steps of patenting process
- 13. A case study of patent.
- 14. Study of bio safety measures in pharmaceutical industry.
- 15. Study on QA & QC parameters followed in R&D laboratory.

#### **SUGGESTED READINGS:**

1.W.B.Hugo & A.D.Russell, Pharmaceutical Microbiology edited, 6thEdition, Black Well science.

2.Shanson D.C., Microbiology in clinical practice, 2<sup>nd</sup>edition, London; Wright.

3.T Sammes Ellis Horwood, opicsin Antibiotic chemistryVolItoV.

4.Wulf Crueger, Biotechnology – A text book of Industrial Microbiology, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Panima publishers

5. A.H.Patel, 1984, Industrial Microbiology, Macmilan India Limited.

6. Coulson C.J., London; Taylor and Francis, Molecular mechanisms of drugaction.

7. DenyesS.P.&Baird R.M.Chichester, Ellis Horwood, Guide to microbiological

Control in Pharmaceuticals.

8. Murray S.Cooper, Quality control in the Pharmaceutical Industry-Edt., Vol-II,

Academic press, NewYork.

9.Sydney H.Willin, Murray M.Tuckerman, William S.Hitchings IV, Good

Manufacturing practices of pharmaceuticals, second Edt., Mercel Dekker NC Nework.

10.RajeshBhatia,RattanlalIhhpunjani,QualityassuranceinMicrobiology,CBS Publisher&Distributors,NewDelhi.



### ANDHRA PRADESH STATE COUNCIL OF HIGHER EDUCATION

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# REVISED SYLLABUS OF B.Sc (Chemistry) UNDER CBCS FRAMEWORK WITH EFFECT FROM 2020-2021

### PROGRAMME: THREE-YEAR B.Sc. (B.Sc Chemistry)

 (With Learning Outcomes, Unit-wise Syllabus, References, Co-curricular Activities & Model Q.P.)
 For Fifteen Courses of 1, 2, 3 & 4 Semesters)
 (To be Implemented from 2020-21 Academic Year) Andhra Pradesh State Council of Higher Education

# B.Sc. Chemistry Revised Syllabus under CBCS w.e.f. 2020-21

# Structure of Chemistry Core Syllabus under CBCS

YEAR	SEMESTER	COURSE	TITLE	MARKS	CREDITS
Ι	Ι	Ι	Inorganic and Physical Chemistry	100	03
			Practical – I Analysis of SALT MIXTURE	50	02
	II	II	Organic and General Chemistry	100	03
			Practical – IIVolumetric Analysis	50	02
Π	III	III	Organic Chemistry and Spectroscopy	100	03
			Practical – IIIOrganic preparations and IR Spectral Analysis	50	02
	IV	IV	Inorganic, Organic and Physical Chemistry	100	03
			Practical – IVOrganic Qualitative analysis	50	02
			Inorganic and Physical Chemistry	100	02
		V	Practical-V Course Conductometric and Potentiometric Titrimetry	50	02

#### <u>SEMESTER – I</u>

#### Course I (Inorganic & Physical Chemistry) 60 hrs. (4h/w)

#### **Course outcomes:**

At the end of the course, the student will be able to;

- 1. Understand the basic concepts of p-block elements
- 2. Explain the difference between solid, liquid and gases interms of intermolecular interactions.
- 3. Applytheconceptsofgasequations,pHandelectrolyteswhilestudyingotherchemistrycour ses.

#### INORGANIC CHEMISTRY 24 h

UNIT –I

Chemistry of p-block elements

Group 13: Preparation & structure of Diborane, Borazine

Group 14: Preparation, classification and uses of silicones

Group 15: Preparation & structures of Phosphonitrilic halides  $\{(PNCl_2)_n where n=3, 4\}$ 

Group 16: Oxides and Oxoacids of Sulphur (structures only)

Group 17: Pseudohalogens, Structures of Interhalogen compounds.

#### UNIT-II

#### 1. Chemistry of d-block elements:

Characteristics of d-block elements with special reference to electronic configuration, variable valence, magnetic properties, catalytic properties and ability to form complexes. Stability of various oxidation states.

#### 2. Chemistry of f-block elements:

Chemistry of lanthanides - electronic structure, oxidation states, lanthanide contraction, consequences of lanthanide contraction, magnetic properties. Chemistry of actinides - electronic configuration, oxidation states, actinide contraction, comparison of lanthanides and actinides.

#### 3. Theories of bonding in metals:

3

**4h** 

8h

6h

Valence bond theory and Free electron theory, explanation of thermal and electrical conductivity of metals based on these theories, Band theory- formation of bands, explanation of conductors, semiconductors and insulators.

#### PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

#### UNIT-III

#### Solidstate

Symmetry in crystals. Law of constancy of interfacial angles. The law of rationality of indices. The law of symmetry. Miller indices, Definition of lattice point, space lattice, unit cell. Bravais lattices and crystal systems. X-ray diffraction and crystal structure. Bragg's law. Powder method. Defects in crystals. Stoichiometric and non-stoichiometric defects.

#### **UNIT-IV**

#### 1. Gaseous state

van der Waal's equation of state. Andrew's isotherms of carbon dioxide, continuity of state. Critical phenomena. Relationship between critical constants and vander Waal's constants. Lawof corresponding states. Joule- Thomson effect. Inversion temperature.

#### 2.Liquid state

Liquid crystals,mesomorphicstate. Differences between liquid crystal and solid/liquid. Classification of liquid crystals into Smectic and Nematic. Application of liquid crystals as LCD devices.

#### UNIT-V

#### Solutions, Ionic equilibrium& dilute solutions

#### 1. Solutions

Azeotropes-HCl-H<sub>2</sub>O system and ethanol-water system. Partially miscible liquids-phenolwater system. Critical solution temperature (CST), Effect of impurity on consulate temperature. Immiscible liquids and steam distillation.Nernst distribution law. Calculation of the partition coefficient. Applications of distribution law.

#### 2. Ionic equilibrium

Ionic product, common ion effect, solubility and solubility product. Calculations based on solubility product.

#### 3. Dilute solutions

Colligative properties- RLVP, Osmotic pressure, Elevation in boing point and depression in freezing point. Experimental methods for the determination of molar mass of a non-volatile

#### 10h

36h

### 4h

# 6h

3h

7h

6h

#### 4

solute using osmotic pressure, Elevation in boing point and depression in freezing point. Abnormal colligative properties. Van't Hoff factor.

#### **Co-curricular activities and Assessment Methods**

- 1. ContinuousEvaluation:Monitoringtheprogressof student'slearning
- 2. ClassTests,WorksheetsandQuizzes
- 3. Presentations, Projects and Assignments and Group Discussions: Enhances critical thinking skills and personality
- 4. Semester-

endExamination:criticalindicatorofstudent'slearningandteachingmethodsadoptedby teachersthroughoutthesemester.

#### List of Reference Books

- 1. Principles of physical chemistry by Prutton and Marron
- 2. Solid State Chemistry and its applications by Anthony R. West
- 3. Text book of physical chemistry by K L Kapoor
- 4. Text book of physical chemistry by S Glasstone
- 5. Advanced physical chemistry by Bahl and Tuli
- 6. Inorganic Chemistry by J.E.Huheey
- 7. Basic Inorganic Chemistry by Cotton and Wilkinson
- 8. A textbook of qualitative inorganic analysis by A.I. Vogel
- 9. Atkins, P.W.&Paula, J.deAtkin's Physical Chemistry Ed., Oxford University Press 10th Ed(2014).
- 10. Castellan, G.W. Physical Chemistry 4th Ed. Narosa (2004).
- 11. Mortimer, R. G. Physical Chemistry 3rd Ed. Elsevier: NOIDA, UP (2009).
- 12. Barrow, G.M. Physical Chemistry

#### LABORATORY COURSE -I

#### Practical-I Analysis of SALT MIXTURE

(At the end of Semester-I)

# Qualitative inorganic analysis (Minimum of Six mixtures should be analysed) 50 M

#### **Course outcomes:**

At the end of the course, the student will be able to;

- 1. Understand the basic concepts of qualitative analysis of inorganic mixture
- 2. Use glassware, equipment and chemicals and follow experimental procedures in the laboratory
- **3.** Apply the concepts of common ion effect, solubility product and concepts related to qualitative analysis

#### Analysis of SALT MIXTURE

Analysis of mixture salt containing two anions and two cations (From two different groups) from the following:

Anions: Carbonate, Sulphate, Chloride, Bromide, Acetate, Nitrate, Borate, Phosphate.

**Cations:** Lead, Copper, Iron, Aluminium, Zinc, Nickel, Manganese, Calcium, Strontium, Barium, Potassium and Ammonium.

# MODEL PAPER FIRST YEAR B.Sc., DEGREE EXAMINATION SEMESTER-I CHEMISTRY Course-I: INORGANIC & PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

Time: 3 hours

## **PART- A**5 X 5 = 25 Marks

Answer any **FIVE** of the following questions. Each carries **FIVE** marks

- 1. Explain the preparation & structures of Phosphonitrilic compounds.
- 2. Explain in brief, catalytic properties & stability of various oxidation states of dblock elements.
- 3. Write short note on Bravais lattices and crystal systems.
- 4. What are Smectic&Nematic liquid Crystals? Explain.

#### 50 M

Maximum Marks: 75

**30**hrs (2 h / w)

- 5. Write account on Common ion effect & Solubility product.
- 6. Describe Andrew's isotherms of carbon dioxide.
- 7. Explain Actinide Constraction.
- 8. Explain the structure of Borazine.

#### **PART- B**5 X 10 = 50 Marks

#### Answer ALL the questions. Each carries TEN marks

9 (a). Explain Classification, Preparations & uses of Silicones

(or)

- (b). (i) What are Pseudohalogens.(ii) Explain the Structures of any one AX3& AX5interhalogen compounds.
- 10 (a). What is Lanthanide Contraction? Explain the Consequences of Lanthanide Contraction.

(or)

- (b). (i) Explain the magnetic properties of d- block elements.(ii) Explain about Conductors, Semi-Conductors& Insulators using Band Theory.
- 11.(a). Write an essay on Crystal defects.

(or)

- (b). What is Bragg's Law. Explain the determination of structure of a crystal by powder method.
- 12.(a). Derive the relationship between Critical constants &Vanderwaal constants

(or)

- (b). (i) Write any 5 differences between liquid crystals & liquids, solids(ii) Write the applications of Liquid crystals.
- 13.(a). Explain Nernst distribution Law. Explain its applications

(or)

(b). What are colligative properties. Write experimental methods for determination of molar mass of a non-volatile solute by using Elevation in boiling point & depression in freezing point.

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#### <u>SEMESTER – II</u>

#### Course II – (Organic & General Chemistry) 60 hrs (4h/w)

#### **Course outcomes:**

At the end of the course, the student will be able to;

- 1. Understandandexplainthedifferentialbehaviorof organiccompoundsbasedonfundamental conceptslearnt.
- 2. Formulatethemechanismoforganicreactionsby recallingandcorrelatingthefundamentalproperties of thereactants involved.
- 3. LearnandidentifymanyorganicreactionmechanismsincludingFreeRadical Substitution, Electrophilic AdditionandElectrophilicAromaticSubstitution.
- 4. Correlateanddescribethestereochemicalpropertiesoforganiccompounds and reactions.

#### **ORGANIC CHEMISTRY**

#### UNIT-I

#### RecapitulationofBasicsofOrganicChemistry

#### Carbon-Carbon sigma bonds (Alkanes and Cycloalkanes)

General methods of preparation of alkanes- Wurtz and WurtzFittig reaction, Corey House synthesis, physical and chemical properties of alkanes, Isomerism and its effect on properties, Free radical substitutions; Halogenation, concept of relative reactivity v/s selectivity. Conformational analysis of alkanes (Conformations, relative stability and energy diagrams of Ethane, Propane and butane).General molecular formulae of cycloalkanes and relative stability, Baeyer strain theory, Cyclohexane conformations with energy diagram, Conformations of monosubstituted cyclohexane.

#### **UNIT-II**

#### Carbon-CarbonpiBonds(AlkenesandAlkynes)

Generalmethodsofpreparation, physical and	chemicalprope	erties.Mechanism
ofE1,E2,E1cbreactions,SaytzeffandHoffmanneliminations,		Electrophilic
Additions, mechanism (Markownik off/Antimarkownik off	addition	n) with
suitableexamples,, <i>syn</i> and <i>anti</i> -addition;additionofH <sub>2</sub> ,X <sub>2</sub> ,	HX.	oxymercuration-

36h

12h

demercuration, hydroboration-oxidation, ozonolysis, hydroxylation, Diels Alderreaction, 1, 2and 1, 4-addition reactions in conjugated dienes.

Reactionsofalkynes; acidity, electrophilic and nucleophilic additions, hydration to form carbonyl compounds, Alkylation of terminal alkynes.

#### UNIT-III

#### Benzene and its reactivity

Concept of aromaticity, Huckel's rule - application to Benzenoid (Benzene, Naphthalene) and Non - Benzenoid compounds (cyclopropenylcation, cyclopentadienyl anion and tropyliumcation)

Reactions - General mechanism of electrophilic aromatic substitution, mechanism of nitration, Friedel- Craft's alkylation and acylation. Orientation of aromatic substitution - ortho, para and meta directing groups. Ring activating and deactivating groups with examples (Electronic interpretation of various groups like NO<sub>2</sub> and Phenolic). Orientation of (i) Amino, methoxy and methyl groups (ii) Carboxy, nitro, nitrile, carbonyl and sulphonic acid groups (iii) Halogens

(Explanation by taking minimum of one example from each type)

#### **GENERAL CHEMISTRY**

**UNIT-IV** 

1. Surface chemistry and chemical bonding

#### Surface chemistry

**Colloids-** Coagulation of colloids- Hardy-Schulze rule. Stability of colloids, Protection of Colloids, Gold number.

Adsorption-Physical and chemical adsorption, Langmuir adsorption isotherm, applications of adsorption.

#### 2. Chemical Bonding

Valence bond theory, hybridization, VB theory as applied toClF<sub>3</sub>,Ni(CO)<sub>4</sub>, Molecular orbital theory -LCAO method, construction of M.O. diagrams for homo-nuclear and hetero-nuclear diatomic molecules (N<sub>2</sub>, O<sub>2</sub>, CO and NO).

#### 24 h

12h

6h

#### 3. HSAB

Pearson's concept, HSAB principle & its importance, bonding in Hard-Hard and Soft-Soft combinations.

#### UNIT-V

#### Stereochemistry of carbon compounds

Molecular representations- Wedge, Fischer, Newman and Saw-Horse formulae.

Optical isomerism: Optical activity- wave nature of light, plane polarised light, optical rotation and specific rotation.

Chiral molecules- definition and criteria(Symmetry elements)- Definition of enantiomers and diastereomers – Explanation of optical isomerism with examples- Glyceraldehyde, Lactic acid, Alanine, Tartaric acid, 2,3-dibromopentane.

D,L, R,S and E,Z- configuration with examples.

Definition of Racemic mixture – Resolution of racemic mixtures (any 3 techniques)

#### **Co-curricular activities and Assessment Methods**

ContinuousEvaluation:Monitoringtheprogressof student'slearning

ClassTests,WorksheetsandQuizzes

Presentations, Projects and Assignments and Group Discussions: Enhances critical thinking skills and personality

Semester-endExamination:criticalindicatorofstudent'slearningandteachingmethodsadoptedby teachersthroughoutthesemester.

#### **List of Reference Books**

#### **Theory:**

Morrison, R. N. & Boyd, R. N. Organic Chemistry, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (PearsonEducation).

Finar, I. L. Organic Chemistry (Volume 1), Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).

Finar, I. L. Organic Chemistry (Volume 2: Stereochemistry and the Chemistry of Natural Products), Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).

Eliel, E. L. & Wilen, S. H. Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds; Wiley: London, 1994.

Kalsi, P. S. Stereochemistry Conformation and Mechanism; New Age International, 2005. **Practical:** 

Ahluwalia, V.K. & Aggarwal, R. Comprehensive Practical Organic Chemistry: Preparation and Quantitative Analysis, University Press (2000).

Ahluwalia, V.K. & Dhingra, S. Comprehensive Practical Organic Chemistry: Qualitative Analysis, University Press (2000).

Furniss, B.S.; Hannaford, A.J.; Smith, P.W.G.; Tatchell, A.R. Practical Organic Chemistry, 5th Ed., Pearson (2012)

#### **Additional Resources:**

Solomons, T. W. G.; Fryhle, C. B. & Snyder, S. A. Organic Chemistry, 12th Edition, Wiley. Bruice, P. Y. Organic Chemistry, Eighth Edition, Pearson.

Clayden, J.; Greeves, N.&Warren, S. Organic Chemistry, Oxford.

Nasipuri, D. Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds: Principles and Applications, Third Edition, NewAge International.

Gunstone, F. D. Guidebook to Stereochemistry, Prentice Hall Press, 1975.

#### LABORATORY COURSE-II **30**hrs (2 h / w) **Practical-II Volumetric Analysis**

(At the end of Semester-II)

#### **Course outcomes:**

At the end of the course, the student will be able to;

- 1. Use glassware, equipment and chemicals and follow experimental procedures in the laboratory
- 2. Understandandexplainthevolumetric analysisbasedonfundamental conceptslearnt in ionic equilibria
- 3. Learnandidentifythe concepts of a standard solutions, primary and secondary standards
- 4. Facilitate the learner to make solutions of various molar concentrations. This may include: The concept of the mole; Converting moles to grams; Converting grams to moles; Defining concentration; Dilution of Solutions; Making different molar concentrations.

#### Volumetric analysis

1. Estimation of sodium carbonate and sodium hydrogen carbonate present in a mixture.

2. Determination of Fe (II) using KMnO<sub>4</sub> with oxalic acid as primary standard.

50 M

3. Determination of Cu (II) using Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> with K<sub>2</sub>Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> as primary standard.

4. Estimation of water of crystallization in Mohr's salt by titrating with KMnO4

# MODEL PAPER FIRST YEAR B.Sc., DEGREE EXAMINATION SEMESTER-II CHEMISTRY COURSE -II: ORGANIC & GENERAL CHEMISTRY

Time: 3 hours

#### PART- A

Maximum Marks: 75 5 X 5 = 25 Marks

Answer any **FIVE** of the following questions. Each carries **FIVE** marks

- 1. Write different conformations of n-butane. Explain their relative stability..
- 2. Explain 1,2- & 1,4- addition reactions of conjugated dienes.
- 3. Explain the orientation effect of halogens on mono substituted benzene.
- 4. Explain the mechanism of E1<sup>CB</sup> elimination reaction.
- 5. Explain the structure of ClF<sub>3</sub> by Valency Bond theory.
- 6. What are Hard & soft acids & bases? Explain with examples.
- 7. Draw the Wedge, Fischer, Newmann& saw-Horse representations for Tartaric acid.
- 8. Define Enantiomers and Diastereomers and give two examples for each.

#### PART-B

5 X 10 = 50 Marks

Answer ALL the questions. Each carries TEN marks

9 (a). (i) Write the preparation of alkanes by Wurtz and Corey-House reaction.
(ii) Explain Halogenation of alkanes. Explain the reactivity and selectivity in free radical substitutions.

(or)

- (b). (i) Explain Baeyer Strain Theory(ii) Draw the conformations of Cyclohexane and explain their stability by drawing energy profile diagram.
- 10 (a). (i) Write any two methods of preparation of alkenes.(ii) Explain the mechanism of Markownikiff and Anti-Markownikoff addition of HBr to alkene.

- (b). (i) Explain the acidity of 1-alkynes
  - (ii) How will you prepare acetaldehyde and acetone from alkynes?
  - (iii) Write alkylation reaction of terminal alkne.
- 11.(a). Define Huckel rule of aromatic compounds. What are benzenoid and nonbenzenoid aromatic compounds? Give examples.

(or)

- (b). Explain the mechanisms of Nitration and Friedel-Craft's alkylation of Benzene.
- 12.(a). (i) Define Hardy-Schulze rule & Gold number.(ii) Differentiate Physisorption& Chemisorption. Explain Langmuir adsorption isotherm.

#### (or)

- (b). Construct the Molecular Orbital diagram for O<sub>2</sub> and NO and explain their bond order and magnetic property.
- 13.(a). Define racemic mixture. Explain any two techniques for resolution of racemic mixture.

(or)

- (b). (i) Define Optical activity and Specific rotation.
  - (ii) Draw the R- & S- isomers of Alanine, Glyceraldehyde.
  - (iii) Write the E- & Z- isomers of 2-butene.

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#### **SEMESTER - III**

#### Course III (ORGANICCHEMISTRY&SPECTROSCOPY) 60hrs (4 h / w)

#### **Course outcomes:**

At the end of the course, the student will be able to;

- 1. Understandpreparation, properties and reactions of haloalkanes, haloarenes and oxygen containing functional groups.
- 2. Usethesyntheticchemistrylearntinthiscoursetodofunctionalgroup transformations.
- 3. Toproposeplausiblemechanismsforanyrelevantreaction

#### **ORGANIC CHEMISTRY**

#### UNIT – I

#### 1. ChemistryofHalogenatedHydrocarbons:

Alkylhalides:Methodsofpreparationandproperties,nucleophilicsubstitutionreactions– SN1,SN2andSNimechanismswithstereochemicalaspectsandeffectofsolventetc.;nucleophilics ubstitutionvs.elimination, Williamson's synthesis.

Arylhalides:Preparation(includingpreparationfromdiazoniumsalts)andproperties,nucleophilic aromatic substitution;SNAr,Benzynemechanism.

Relativereactivityofalkyl,allyl,benzyl,vinylandarylhalidestowardsnucleophilicsubstitut ionreactions.

#### 2. Alcohols & Phenols

Alcohols: preparation, properties and relative reactivity of 1°, 2°, 3° alcohols, BouvaeltBlanc Reduction; Oxidationofdiolsbyperiodicacidandleadtetra acetate,Pinacol-Pinacolonerearrangement;

Phenols:Preparationandproperties;Acidityandfactorseffectingit, Ringsubstitution reactions, Reimer–Tiemannand Kolbe's–Schmidt Reactions, Fries and Claisenrearrangements with mechanism;

#### UNIT-II

#### CarbonylCompounds

Structure, reactivity, preparation and properties;

Nucleophilicadditions,Nucleophilicaddition-eliminationreactionswithammoniaderivatives MechanismsofAldolandBenzoincondensation, Claisan-Schmidt, Perkin, CannizzaroandWittigreaction,Beckmannhaloformreactionand BaeyerVilligeroxidation,αsubstitutionreactions,oxidationsandreductions(Clemmensen, wolf –kishner, with LiAlH4 &NaBH4).

 $Addition reactions of \ \alpha, \beta \text{-unsaturated carbonyl compounds}: Michaeladdition.$ 

Activemethylenecompounds:

enoltautomerism.Preparationandsyntheticapplicationsofdiethyl

malonateandethylacetoacetate.

#### UNIT-III

#### **CarboxylicAcidsand their Derivatives**

6h

6h

#### 10h

Keto-

14

12h

- 011

General methods of preparation, physical properties and reactions of monocarboxylic acids, effect of

substituentsonacidicstrength.Typicalreactionsofdicarboxylicacids,hydroxyacidsandunsaturat edacids.

Preparationandreactionsofacidchlorides, anhydrides, esters and amides;

Comparativestudyofnucleophilicsubstitutionatacylgroup-Mechanism

ofacidicandalkalinehydrolysisof esters,Claisencondensation,Reformatskyreactions and Curtiusrearrangement

Reactions involving H, OH and COOH groups- salt formation, anhydride formation, acid chloride formation, amide formation and esterification (mechanism). Degradation of carboxylic acids by Huns-Diecker reaction, decarboxylation by Schimdt reaction, Arndt-Eistert synthesis, halogenation by Hell- Volhard- Zelinsky reaction.

#### SPECTROSCOPY

#### **UNIT-IV**

#### MolecularSpectroscopy:

Interactionofelectromagneticradiationwithmoleculesandvarioustypesof spectra;

**Rotation spectroscopy:** Selection rules, intensities of spectral lines, determination of bond lengths of diatomic and linear triatomic molecules, isotopic substitution.

**Vibrationalspectroscopy:** Classicalequationofvibration, computationofforceconstant, Harmonic and anharmonic oscillator, Morsepotential curve, vibrational degreesoffreedom forpolyatomic molecules, modesofvibration. Selection rules for vibrational transitions, Fundamentalfrequencies, overtones and hotbands.

**Electronic spectroscopy:** Energy levels of molecular orbitals ( $\sigma$ ,  $\pi$ , n). Selection rules for electronic spectra. Types of electronic transitions in molecules, effect of conjugation. Concept of chromophore. bathochromic and hypsochromic shifts.Beer-Lambert's law and its limitations.

**Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR) spectroscopy:** Principles of nuclear magnetic resonance, equivalent and non-equivalent protons, position of signals. Chemical shift, NMR splitting of signals - spin-spin coupling, coupling constants. Applications of NMR with suitable examples - ethyl bromide, ethanol, acetaldehyde, 1,1,2-tribromo ethane, ethyl acetate, toluene and acetophenone.

15

26 h

#### **UNIT-V**

#### Application of Spectroscopy to Simple Organic Molecules

#### Application of visible, ultraviolet and Infrared spectroscopy in organic molecules.

Application of electronic spectroscopy and Woodward rules for calculating  $\lambda_{max}$  of conjugated dienes and  $\alpha,\beta$  – unsaturated compounds.

Infrared radiation and types of molecular vibrations, functional group and fingerprint region. IR spectra of alkanes, alkenes and simple alcohols (inter and intramolecular hydrogen bonding), aldehydes, ketones, carboxylic acids and their derivatives (effect of substitution on >C=O stretching absorptions).

#### **Co-curricular activities and Assessment Methods**

ContinuousEvaluation:Monitoringtheprogressof student'slearning

ClassTests,WorksheetsandQuizzes

Presentations, Projects and Assignments and Group Discussions: Enhances critical thinking skills and personality

Semester-endExamination:criticalindicatorofstudent'slearningandteachingmethodsadoptedby teachersthroughoutthesemester.

#### List of Reference Books

- 1. A Text Book of Organic Chemistry by Bahl and Arunbahl
- 2. A Text Book of Organic chemistry by I L FinarVol I
- 3. Organic chemistry by Bruice
- 4. Organic chemistry by Clayden
- 5. Spectroscopy by William Kemp
- 6. Spectroscopy by Pavia
- 7. Organic Spectroscopy by J. R. Dyer
- 8. Elementary organic spectroscopy by Y.R. Sharma
- 9. Spectroscopy by P.S.Kalsi
- Spectrometric Identification of Organic Compounds by Robert M Silverstein, Francis X Webster
- 11. Mann, F.G. & Saunders, B.C. Practical Organic Chemistry, Pearson Education (2009)
- Furniss, B.S., Hannaford, A.J., Smith, P.W.G. &Tatchell, A.R. Practical Organic Chemistry, 5th Ed. Pearson (2012)

13. Ahluwalia, V.K. & Aggarwal, R. Comprehensive Practical Organic Chemistry: Preparation and Quantitative Analysis, University Press (2000).

#### **LABORATORY COURSE -III**

30hrs (2 h / w)

#### **Practical Course-IIIOrganic preparations and IR Spectral Analysis**

(At the end of Semester- III)

#### **Course outcomes:**

Onthecompletionofthecourse, the student will be able to do the following:

- 1. how to use glassware, equipment and chemicals and follow experimental procedures in the laboratory
- 2. how to calculate limiting reagent, theoretical yield, and percent yield
- 3. how to engage in safe laboratory practices by handling laboratory glassware, equipment, and chemical reagents appropriately
- 4. how to dispose of chemicals in a safe and responsible manner
- 5. how to perform common laboratory techniques including reflux, distillation, recrystallization, vacuum filtration.
- 6. how to create and carry out work up and separation procedures
- 7. how to critically evaluate data collected to determine the identity, purity, and percent yield of products and to summarize findings in writing in a clear and concise manner

#### **Organic preparations:**

i. Acetylation of one of the following compounds:

- amines (aniline, o-, m-, ptoluidines and o-, m-, p-anisidine) and phenols (β-naphthol, vanillin, salicylic acid) by any one method:
- a. Using conventional method.
- b. Using green approach
- ii. Benzolyation of one of the following amines

(aniline, o-, m-, p- toluidines and o-, m-, p-anisidine)

iii. Nitration of any one of the following:

#### 17

#### **40M**

- a. Acetanilide/nitrobenzene by conventional method
- b. Salicylic acid by green approach (using ceric ammonium nitrate).

#### **IR Spectral Analysis**

IR Spectral Analysis of the following functional groups with examples

- a) Hydroxyl groups
- b) Carbonyl groups
- c) Amino groups
- d) Aromatic groups

### **MODEL PAPER**

# SECOND YEAR B.Sc., DEGREE EXAMINATION **SEMESTER-III CHEMISTRY COURSE-III: ORGANIC CHEMISTRY &** SPECTROSCOPY

Time: 3 hours

### PART-A

Maximum Marks: 75 5 X 5 = 25 Marks

Answer any **FIVE** of the following questions. Each carries **FIVE** marks

- 1. Discuss two methods for preparation of aryl halides.
- 2. Explain the mechanism for Pinacol-Pinacolone rearrangement.
- 3. Discuss the mechanism for Bayer-villiger oxidation reaction.
- 4. Explain the effect of substituents on acidic strength of mono-carboxylic acids.
- 5. Write the mechanism for Claisen Condensation reaction.
- 6. Write the selection rules in rotational spectroscopy.
- 7. Explain Spin Spin coupling and Coupling Constant.
- 8. Explain types of electronic transitions in UV spectroscopy.

#### PART-B

 $5 \times 10 = 50 \text{ Marks}$ 

Answer ALL the questions. Each carries TEN marks

9 (a). Give the mechanism & stereochemistry of  $SN^1$  &  $SN^2$  reactions of alkyl halides with suitable example.

(or)

- (b). Explain the following reactions with mechanism. (i) Reimer-Tiemann reaction (ii) Fries rearrangement.
- 10 (a). Discuss the mechanism for following reactions. (i) Perkin reaction. (ii) Cannizaro reaction

**10M** 

- (b). Write the preparation and any three synthetic applications of diethyl malonate.
- 11.(a). Explain acid and base hydrolysis reaction of esters with mechanism.

(or)

- (b). Explain the mechanisms of Curtius rearrangement & Arndt –Eistert reaction.
- 12.(a). (i) Write a note on vibrational degrees of freedom for polyatomic molecules.(ii) Explain different modes of vibrations & selection rules in IR spectroscopy.

(or)

- (b).(i) Define Bathochromic shift. Explain the effect of conjugation in U.V. spectroscopy.(ii) Discuss the principle of NMR spectroscopy.
- 13.(a). Write Woodward-Fieser rules for calculating  $\lambda$ max for conjugated dienes and  $\alpha$ , $\beta$  unsaturated carbonyl compounds, and apply them for one example each.

(or)

(b).(i) What is Fingerprint region. Explain its significance with an example.(ii) Write IR spectral data for any one alcohol, aldehyde and ketone

#### **SEMESTER - IV**

#### Course IV (INORGANIC, ORGANIC AND PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY) 60hrs (4 h / w)

#### **Course outcomes:**

At the end of the course, the student will be able to;

- 1. Tolearnaboutthelawsofabsorptionoflightenergybymoleculesandthesubsequentphotoch emical reactions.
- 2. Tounderstandtheconceptofquantumefficiencyandmechanismsofphotochemicalreaction s.

# UNIT - I OrganometallicCompounds

Definitionandclassification

compounds on the basis of bond type, Concept of hapticity of

organic ligands. Metal carbonyls: 18 electron rule, electron count of mononuclear,

polynuclearandsubstituted

metalcarbonylsof3dseries.Generalmethodsofpreparationofmonoandbinuclearcarbonylsof 3d series.P-acceptor behaviour of carbon monoxide. Synergic effects (VB approach) - (MO diagram of CO can be referred to for synergic effect to IR frequencies).

### UNIT – II

## Carbohydrates

Occurrence, classification and their biological importance, Monosaccharides:

Constitutionandabsolute

configurationofglucoseandfructose,epimersandanomers,mutarotation,determinationofringsiz eofglucose andfructose,Haworthprojectionsandconformationalstructures;Interconversions ofaldosesandketoses; Killiani-FischersynthesisandRuffdegradation; Disaccharides– Elementarytreatmentofmaltose, lactoseand sucrose.Polysaccharides–Elementarytreatmentof starch.

#### UNIT-III

#### Amino acids and proteins

Introduction: Definition of Amino acids, classification of Amino acids into alpha, beta, and gamma amino acids. Natural and essential amino acids - definition and examples, classification of alpha amino acids into acidic, basic and neutral amino acids with examples. Methods of synthesis: General methods of synthesis of alpha amino acids (specific examples - Glycine, Alanine, valine and leucine) by following methods: a) from halogenated carboxylic acid b) Gabriel Phthalimide synthesis c) strecker's synthesis.

Physical properties: Zwitter ion structure - salt like character - solubility, melting points, amphoteric character, definition of isoelectric point.

Chemical properties: General reactions due to amino and carboxyl groups - lactams from gamma and delta amino acids by heating- peptide bond (amide linkage). Structure and nomenclature of peptides and proteins.

### **Heterocyclic Compounds**

Introduction and definition: Simple five membered ring compounds with one hetero atom Ex. Furan. Thiophene and pyrrole - Aromatic character – Preparation from 1, 4, -dicarbonyl compounds, Paul-Knorr synthesis.

#### 6h

oforganometallic

Properties: Acidic character of pyrrole - electrophillic substitution at 2 or 5 position, Halogenation, Nitration and Sulphonation under mild conditions - Diels Alder reaction in furan.

Pyridine – Structure - Basicity - Aromaticity- Comparison with pyrrole- one method of preparation and properties - Reactivity towards Nucleophilic substitution reaction.

#### UNIT- IV

#### NitrogenContainingFunctionalGroups

Preparation, properties and important reactions of nitrocompounds, amines and diazonium salts.

#### 1. Nitro hydrocarbons

Nomenclature and classification-nitro hydrocarbons, structure -Tautomerism of nitroalkanes leading to aci and keto form, Preparation of Nitroalkanes, reactivity -halogenation, reaction with HONO (Nitrous acid), Nef reaction and Mannich reaction leading to Micheal addition and reduction.

#### 2.Amines:

Introduction, classification, chiralityin amines (pyramidal inversion), importance and general methods of preparation.

Properties : Physical properties, Basicity of amines: Effect of substituent, solvent and steric effects. DistinctionbetweenPrimary,

secondaryandtertiaryaminesusingHinsberg'smethodandnitrousacid. Discussion of the following reactions with emphasis on the mechanistic pathway: Gabriel Phthalimidesynthesis,Hoffmann-

Bromamidereaction, Carbylaminereaction, Mannichreaction, Hoffmann's exhaustive methylation, Hofmann-elimination reaction and Copeelimination.

#### Diazonium

Salts:Preparationand

5h

3h

11h

syntheticapplicationsofdiazoniumsaltsincludingpreparationofarenes, haloarenes, phenols, cyanoandnitrocompounds. Couplingreactionsofdiazoniumsalts (preparationofazo dyes).

#### UNIT- V

#### Photochemistry

Difference between thermal and photochemical processes, Laws of photochemistry- Grothus-Draper's law and Stark-Einstein's law of photochemical equivalence, Quantum yield-Photochemical reaction mechanism- hydrogen- chlorine and hydrogen- bromine reaction. Qualitative description of fluorescence, phosphorescence, Jablonski diagram, Photosensitized reactions- energy transfer processes (simple example).

#### Thermodynamics

The first law of thermodynamics-statement, definition of internal energy and enthalpy, Heat capacities and their relationship, Joule-Thomson effect- coefficient, Calculation of work for the expansion of perfect gas under isothermal and adiabatic conditions for reversible processes, State function. Temperature dependence of enthalpy of formation- Kirchoff s equation, Second law of thermodynamics Different Statements of the law, Carnot cycle and its efficiency, Carnot theorem, Concept of entropy, entropy as a state function, entropy changes in reversible and irreversible processes. Entropy changes in spontaneous and equilibrium processes. Third law of thermodynamics, Nernst heat theorem, Spontaneous and

### non- spontaneous processes, Helmholtz and Gibbs energies-Criteria for spontaneity.

#### **Co-curricular activities and Assessment Methods**

ContinuousEvaluation:Monitoringtheprogressof student'slearning

ClassTests,WorksheetsandQuizzes

Presentations, Projects and Assignments and Group Discussions: Enhances critical thinking skills and personality

Semester-endExamination:criticalindicatorofstudent'slearningandteachingmethodsadoptedby teachersthroughoutthesemester.

#### List of Reference Books

- 1. Concise coordination chemistry by Gopalan and Ramalingam
- 2. Coordination Chemistry by Basalo and Johnson
- 3. Organic Chemistry by G.Mareloudan, Purdue Univ
- 4. Text book of physical chemistry by S Glasstone
- 6. Concise Inorganic Chemistry by J.D.Lee
- 7. Advanced Inorganic Chemistry Vol-I by Satyaprakash, Tuli, Basu and Madan
- 8. A Text Book of Organic Chemistry by Bahl and Arunbahl
- 9. A Text Book of Organic chemistry by I L FinarVol I
- 10. A Text Book of Organic chemistry by I L FinarVol II
- 11. Advanced physical chemistry by Gurudeep Raj

#### LABORATORY COURSE -IV 30hrs(2 h / w)

#### Practical Course-IVOrganic Qualitative analysis

50 M

(At the end of Semester- IV)

#### **Course outcomes:**

At the end of the course, the student will be able to;

- 1. Use glassware, equipment and chemicals and follow experimental procedures in the laboratory
- 2. Determine melting and boiling points of organic compounds
- 3. Understandtheapplication of concepts of different organic reactions studied in theory part of organic chemistry

#### **Organic Qualitative analysis**

50 M

Analysis of an organic compound through systematic qualitative procedure for functional group identification including the determination of melting point and boiling point with suitable derivatives.

Alcohols, Phenols, Aldehydes, Ketones, Carboxylic acids, Aromatic primary amines, amides and simple sugars

# MODEL PAPER SECOND YEAR B.Sc., DEGREE EXAMINATION SEMESTER-IV CHEMISTRY COURSE -IV: INORGANIC, ORGANIC & PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

Time: 3 hours

#### PART- A

Maximum Marks: 75 5 X 5 = 25 Marks

Answer any **FIVE** of the following questions. Each carries **FIVE** marks

- 1. Describe the 18 electron rule of mono nuclear and polynuclear metal carbonyls with suitable examples.
- 2. What are epimers and anomers. Give examples.
- 3. Discuss about iso electric point and zwitter ion.
- 4. Discuss the Paul-Knorr synthesis of five membered heterocyclic compounds.
- 5. Explain Tautomerism shown by nitro alkanes
- 6. Discuss the basic nature of amines.
- 7. Write the differences between thermal and photochemical reactions.
- 8. Derive heat capacities and derive  $C_p C_v = R$

#### PART-B

Answer ALL the questions. Each carries TEN marks

9 (a). What are organometallic compounds? Discuss their Classification on the basis of type of bonds with examples.

(or)

- (b). Discuss the general methods of preparations of mono & bi-nuclear carbonyls of 3d series.
- 10 (a). Discuss the constitution, configuration and ring size of glucose. Draw the Haworth and Conformational structure of glucose.

(or)

- (b). (i) Explain Ruff's degradation.(ii) Explain Kiliani- Fischer synthesis.
- 11.(a). What are amino acids? Write any three general methods of preparation of amino acids.

(or)

- (b). Discuss the aromatic character of Furan, Thiophene and Pyrrole.
- 12.(a). Write the mechanism for the following. (i) Nef reaction (ii) Mannich reaction (or)
  - (b). (i) Explain Hinsberg separation of amines.(ii) Discuss any three synthetic applications of diazonium salts.
- 13.(a). What is quantum yield? Explain the photochemical combination of Hydrogen-Chlorine and Hydrogen - Bromine.

(or)

(b). Define entropy. Describe entropy changes in the reversible and irreversible process.

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#### **SEMESTER - IV**

#### CourseV(INORGANIC & PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY) 60 hrs (4 h / w)

#### **Course outcomes:**

At the end of the course, the student will be able to;

- 1. Understand of boundary conditions and quantization, probability distribution, most probable values, uncertainty and expectation values
- 2. Applicationofquantizationtospectroscopy.
- 3. Varioustypesofspectraandtheiruseinstructuredetermination.

#### **INORGANIC CHEMISTRY**

#### UNIT-I

#### **Coordination Chemistry**

IUPAC nomenclature of coordination compounds, Structural and stereoisomerism in complexes with coordination numbers 4 and 6. Valence Bond Theory (VBT): Inner and outer orbital complexes. Limitations of VBT, Crystal field effect, octahedral symmetry. Crystal field stabilization energy (CFSE), Crystal field effects for weak and strong fields. Tetrahedral symmetry, Factors affecting the magnitude of crystal field splitting energy, Spectrochemical series, Comparison of CFSE for Octahedral and Tetrahedral complexes, Tetragonal distortion of octahedral geometry, Jahn-Teller distortion, square planar coordination.

#### UNIT -II

#### 1. InorganicReactionMechanism:

Introductiontoinorganicreactionmechanisms.Conceptofreaction

pathways,transitionstate,intermediateand activatedcomplex. Labile and inert complexes, ligand substitution reactions - SN<sup>1</sup> and SN<sup>2</sup>, Substitution reactions insquare planar complexes, Trans-effect, theories of transeffect and its applications

#### 2. Stability of metal complexes:

Thermodynamic stability and kinetic stability, factors affecting the stability of metal complexes, chelate effect, determination of composition of complex by Job's method and mole ratio method.

#### **BioinorganicChemistry:**

Metalionspresentinbiological systems, classification of elements according to their action in biolog system.Geochemical effectonthedistributionofmetals,Sodium/Kical pump,carbonicanhydraseand carboxypeptidase.

concepts

12 h

26 h

#### 4h

#### 2h

Excessanddeficiencyofsometracemetals.Toxicityofmetalions(Hg,Pb,CdandAs), reasonsfortoxicity,Useof chelatingagentsinmedicine,Cisplatinasananti-cancerdrug. Ironanditsapplicationinbio-systems,Haemoglobin,Myoglobin.Storageandtransferof iron.

#### PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

#### **UNIT-III**

#### 1 .Phase rule

**6h**Concept of phase, components, degrees of freedom. Thermodynamic derivation of Gibbs phase rule. Phase diagram of one component system - water system, Study of Phase diagrams of Simple eutectic systems i) Pb-Ag system, desilverisation of lead ii) NaCl-Water system, Congruent and incongruent melting point- Definition and examples for systems having congruent and incongruent melting point , freezing mixtures.

#### **UNIT-IV**

#### Electrochemistry

Specific conductance, equivalent conductance and molar conductance- Definition and effect of dilution. Cell constant. Strong and weak electrolytes,Kohlrausch's law and its applications, Definition of transport number,determination of transport number by Hittorf's method. Debye-Huckel-Onsagar's equation for strong electrolytes (elementary treatment only), Application of conductivity measurements- conductometric titrations.

Electrochemical Cells- Single electrode potential, Types of electrodes with examples: Metalmetal ion, Gas electrode, Inert electrode, Redox electrode, Metal-metal insoluble salt- salt anion. Determination of EMF of a cell, Nernst equation, Applications of EMF measurements - Potentiometric titrations.

Fuel cells- Basic concepts, examples and applications

#### UNIT-V

#### **ChemicalKinetics:**

The concept of reaction rates. Effect of temperature, pressure, catalyst and other factors on reaction rates. Order and molecularity of a reaction, Derivation of integrated rate equations for zero, first and second order reactions (both for equal and unequal concentrations of reactants). Half–life of a reaction. General methods for determination of order of a reaction. Concept of activation energy and its calculation from Arrhenius equation. Theories of Reaction Rates: Collision theory and Activated Complex theory of bimolecular reactions. Comparison of the two theories (qualitative treatment only).Enzyme catalysis- Specificity,

### 34 h

#### 14h

factors affecting enzyme catalysis, Inhibitors and Lock & key model. Michaels- Menten equation- derivation, significance of Michaelis-Menten constant.

#### **Co-curricular activities and Assessment Methods**

ContinuousEvaluation:Monitoringtheprogressof student'slearning

Class Tests, Work sheets and Quizzes

Presentations, Projects and Assignments and Group Discussions: Enhances critical thinking skills and personality

Semester-endExamination:criticalindicatorofstudent'slearningandteachingmethodsadoptedby teachersthroughoutthesemester.

#### List of Reference Books

- 1. . Text book of physical chemistry by S Glasstone
- 2. Concise Inorganic Chemistry by J.D.Lee
- 3. Advanced Inorganic Chemistry Vol-I by Satyaprakash, Tuli, Basu and Madan
- 4. Advanced physical chemistry by Gurudeep Raj
- 5. Principles of physical chemistry by Prutton and Marron
- 6. Advanced physical chemistry by Bahl and Tuli
- 7. Inorganic Chemistry by J.E.Huheey
- 8. Basic Inorganic Chemistry by Cotton and Wilkinson
- 9. A textbook of qualitative inorganic analysis by A.I. Vogel
- 10. Atkins, P.W. & Paula, J. de Atkin's Physical Chemistry Ed., Oxford University Press 10th Ed(2014).
- 11. Castellan, G.W. Physical Chemistry 4th Ed. Narosa (2004).
- 12. Mortimer, R. G. Physical Chemistry 3rd Ed. Elsevier: NOIDA, UP (2009).
- 13. Barrow, G.M. Physical Chemistry

#### **SEMESTER - IV**

CourseV	LABORATORY COURSE	<b>30</b> hrs (2 h / w)
Practical-Cou	rse -VConductometric and Potentiometric	Fitrimetry 50 M
#### **Course outcomes:**

At the end of the course, the student will be able to;

- 1. Use glassware, equipment and chemicals and follow experimental procedures in the laboratory
- 2. Apply conceptsof electrochemistry in experiments
- 3. Be familiar with electroanalytical methods and techniques in analytical chemistry which study an analyte by measuring the potential (volts) and/or current (amperes) in an electrochemical cell containing the analyte

### Conductometric and Potentiometric Titrimetry 50 M

- 1. **Conductometric titration** Determination of concentration of HCl solution using standard NaOH solution.
- 2. **Conductometric titration** Determination of concentration of CH<sub>3</sub>COOH Solution using standard NaOH solution.
- 3. **Conductometric titration** Determination of concentration of CH<sub>3</sub>COOH and HCl in a mixture using standard NaOH solution.
- 4. **Potentiometric titration** Determination of Fe (II) using standard K<sub>2</sub>Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> solution.
- 5. Determination of rate constant for acid catalyzed ester hydrolysis.

## MODEL PAPER SECOND YEAR B.Sc., DEGREE EXAMINATION SEMESTER-IV CHEMISTRY COURSE V: INORGANIC & PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

Time: 3 hours

Maximum Marks: 75

#### **PART- A**5 X 5 = 25 Marks

#### Answer any **FIVE** of the following questions. Each carries **FIVE** marks

- 1. Write note on Jahn-Teller distortion.
- 2. Explain Labile & inert complexes.
- 3. Explain Job's method for determination of composition of complex.
- 4. Explain Thermodynamic derivation of Gibb's phase rule.
- 5. Explain any two conductometric titrations.
- 6. Write note on Fuel Cells with examples and applications.
- 7. What is enzyme catalysis? Write any three factors effecting enzyme catalysis.

8. Derive Michaels- Menten equation.

# **PART-B** 5 X 10 = 50 Marks

Answer ALL the questions. Each carries TEN marks

9 (a). Explain Valence Bond theory with Inner and Outer orbital complexes. Write limitations of VBT.

(or)

- (b). Define CFSE. Explain the factors effecting the magnitude of crystal field splitting energy.
- 10 (a). Explain Trans effect. Explain the theories of trans effect and write any two applications of trans effect.

(or)

- (b). (i) Write the biological functions of Haemoglobin and Myoglobin.(ii) Write note on use of chelating agents in medicines.
- 11.(a). Define Phase rule and terms involved in it. Explain phase diagram of Pb-Ag system.

(or)

- (b). (i) Explain phase diagram for NaCl-water system.(ii) Explain briefly about Freezing mixtures.
- 12.(a). Define Transport number. Write experimental method for the determination of transport number by Hittorf method.

(or)

- (b). (i) Define single electrode potential.(ii) Explain four types of electrodes with examples.
- 13.(a). Explain general methods for determination of order of a reaction.

(or)

(b).Explain Collision theory and Activated complex theory of bimolecular reactions.

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#### SUBJECT EXPERTS

Prof. C. Suresh Reddy Professor, Department of Chemistry S.V. University Tirupati.

Dr. M. Mahaboob Pacha Lecturer in Chemistry Government Degree College Ramachandrapuram – 533255

#### SYLLABUS VETTED BY

Prof. N.V.S. Naidu, Professor, Department of Chemistry S.V. University Tirupati.